

# Sustainable Blockchains

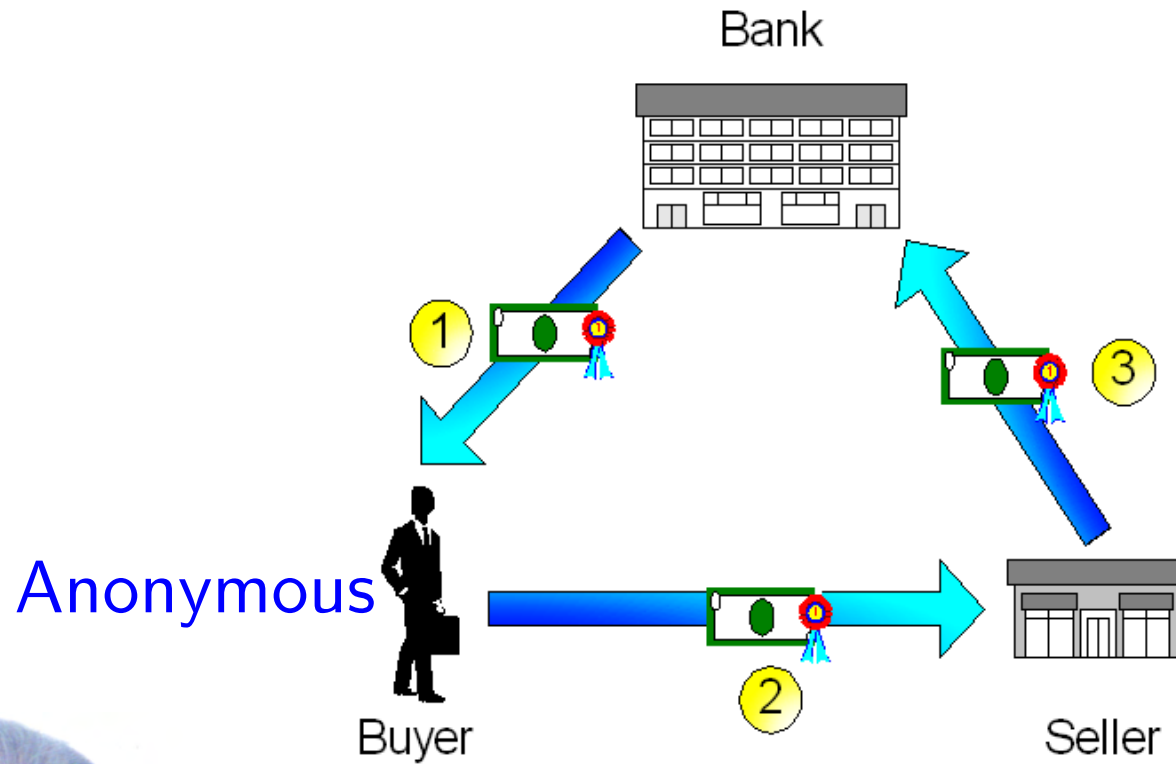


Institute of  
Science and  
Technology  
Austria

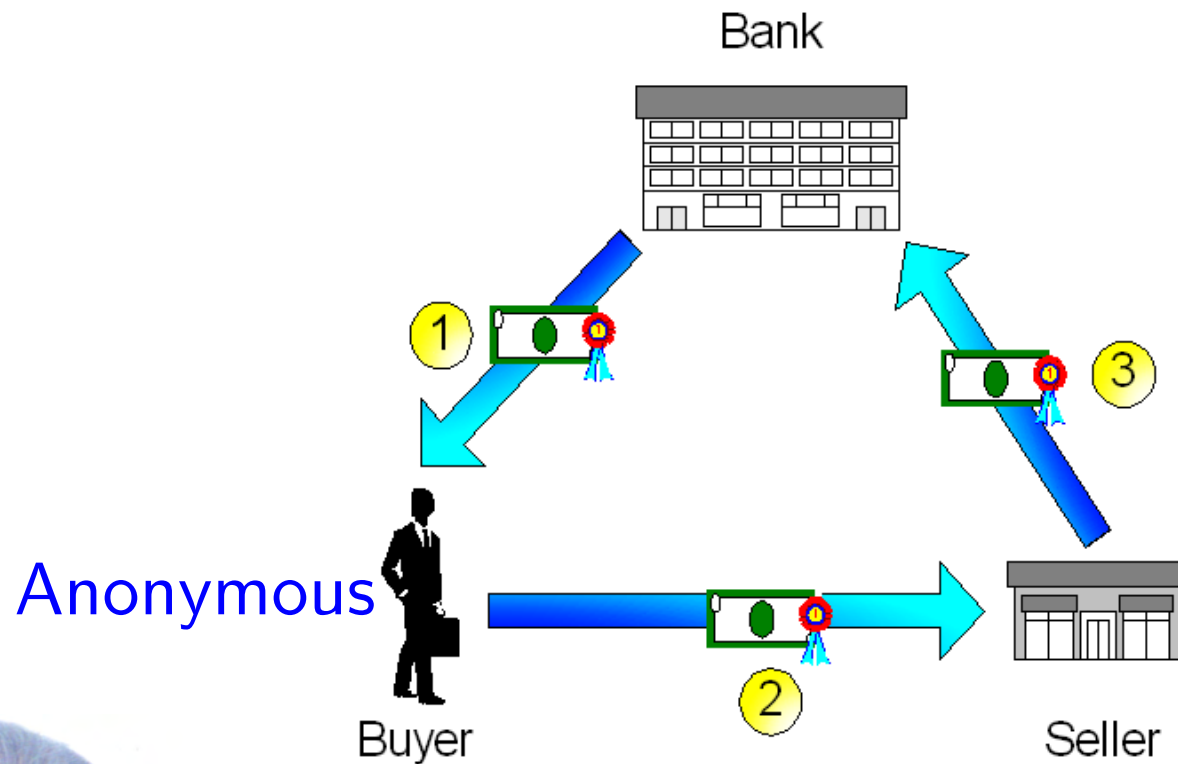
Krzysztof Pietrzak

Public Lecture Series "Sustainability in Computer Science"  
Nov. 13 2023

# (Centralized) Anonymous E-Cash, 80-90's



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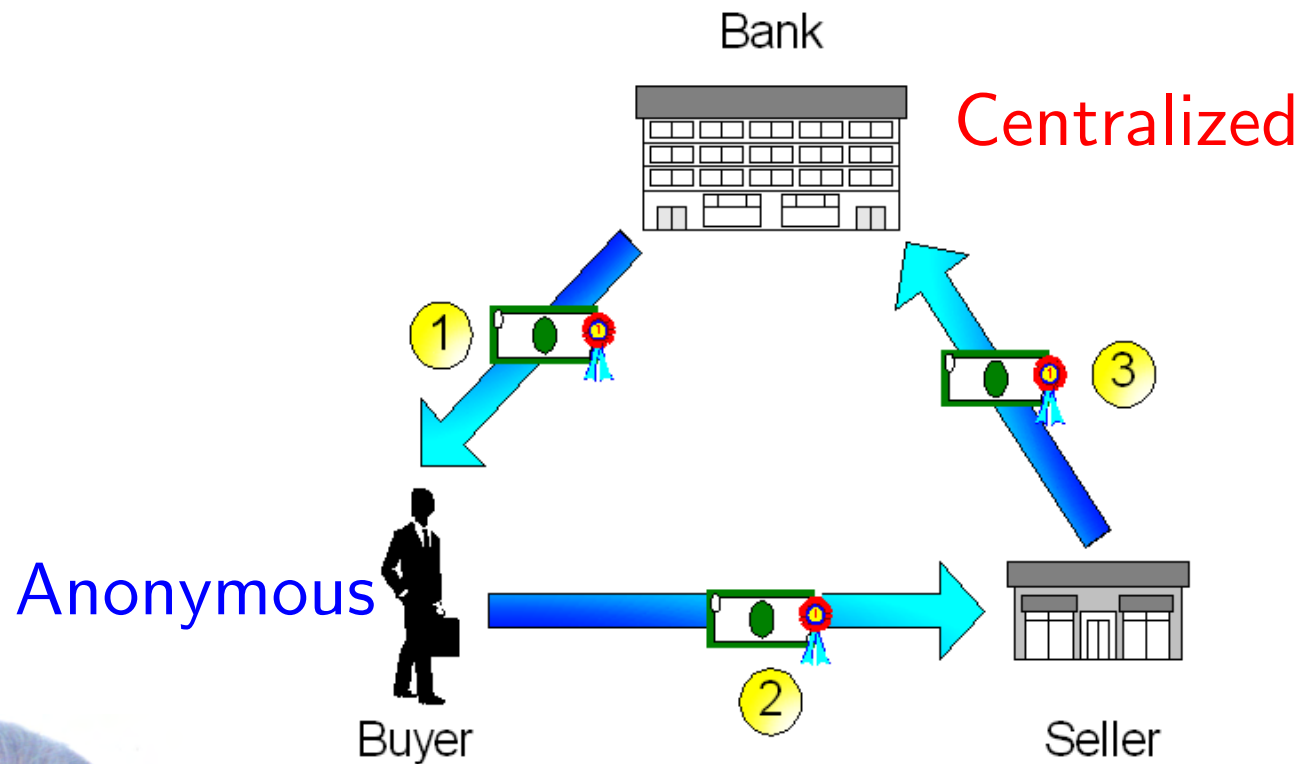
*DigiCash*

welcome

to the DigiCash Webserver

numbers that are money ...

# (Centralized) Anonymous E-Cash, 80-90's



*DigiCash*

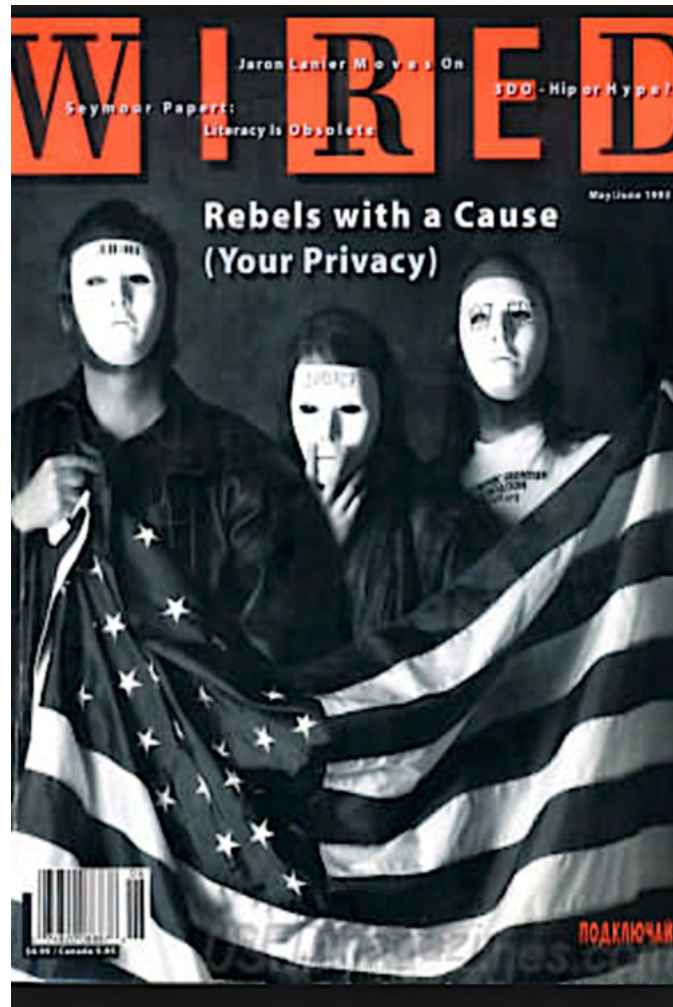
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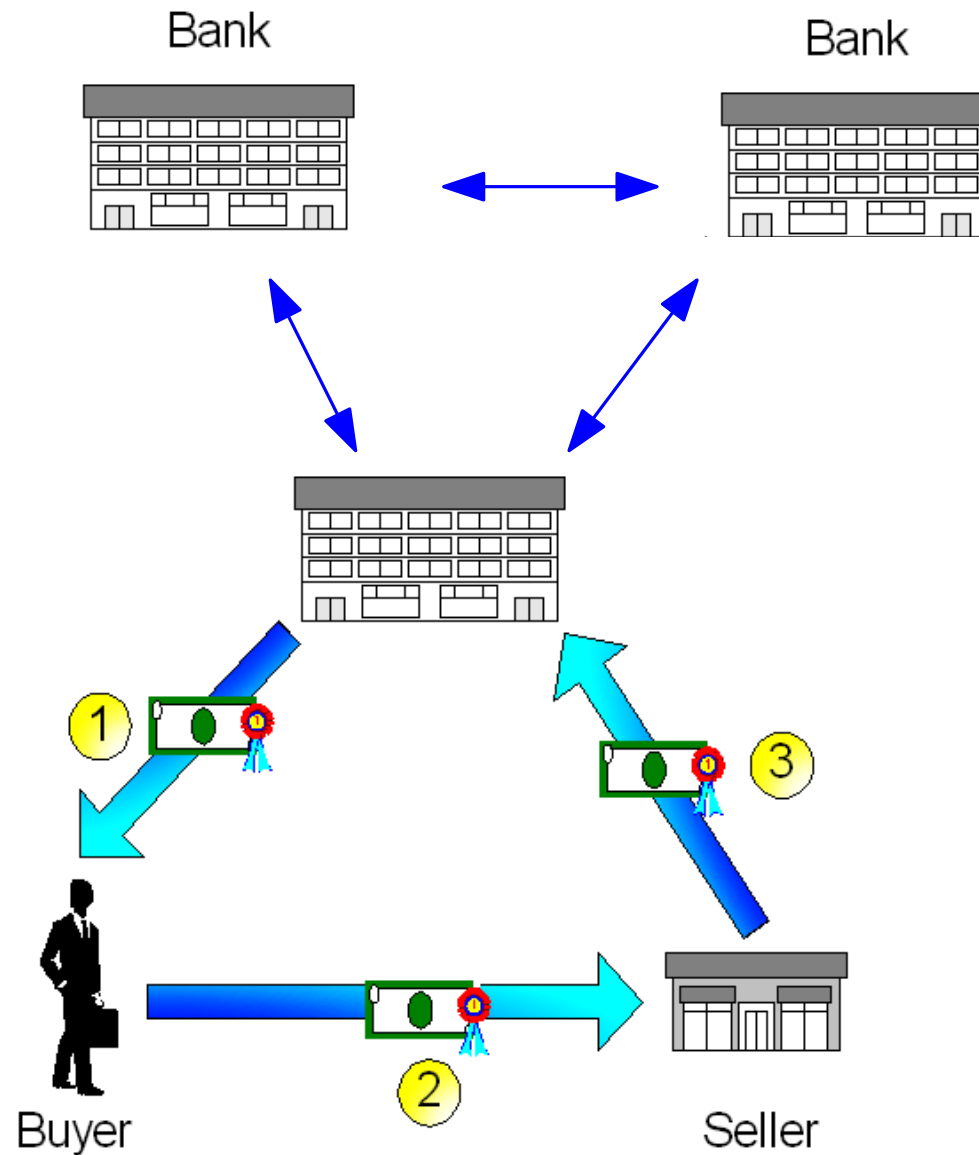
numbers that are money ...

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cypherpunk>

A **cypherpunk** is any activist advocating widespread use of strong cryptography and privacy-enhancing technologies as a route to social and political change.



# Decentralization using 80s Crypto



## Bitcoin: A Peer-to-Peer Electronic Cash System

Satoshi Nakamoto  
satoshin@gmx.com  
www.bitcoin.org

**Abstract.** A purely peer-to-peer version of electronic cash would allow online payments to be sent directly from one party to another without going through a financial institution. Digital signatures provide part of the solution, but the main benefits are lost if a trusted third party is still required to prevent double-spending. We propose a solution to the double-spending problem using a peer-to-peer network. The network timestamps transactions by hashing them into an ongoing chain of hash-based proof-of-work, forming a record that cannot be changed without redoing the proof-of-work. The longest chain not only serves as proof of the sequence of events witnessed, but proof that it came from the largest pool of CPU power. As long as a majority of CPU power is controlled by nodes that are not cooperating to attack the network, they'll generate the longest chain and outpace attackers. The network itself requires minimal structure. Messages are broadcast on a best effort basis, and nodes can leave and rejoin the network at will, accepting the longest proof-of-work chain as proof of what happened while they were gone.

# Bitcoin Consensus

Consensus in a permissionless setting is impossible



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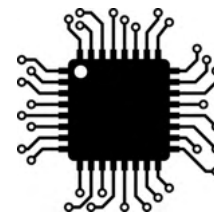
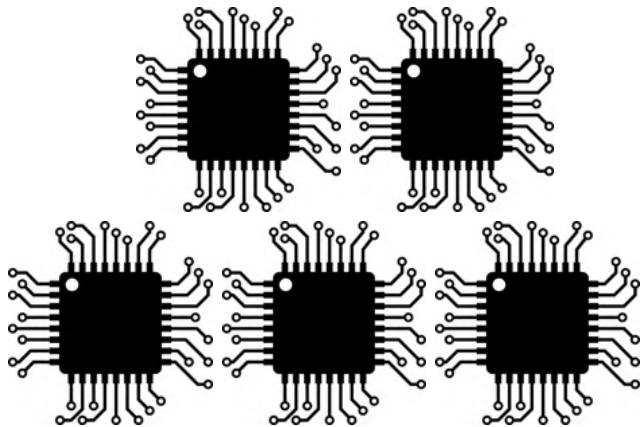
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# Bitcoin Consensus

## Nakamoto Consensus

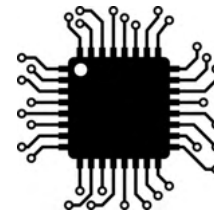
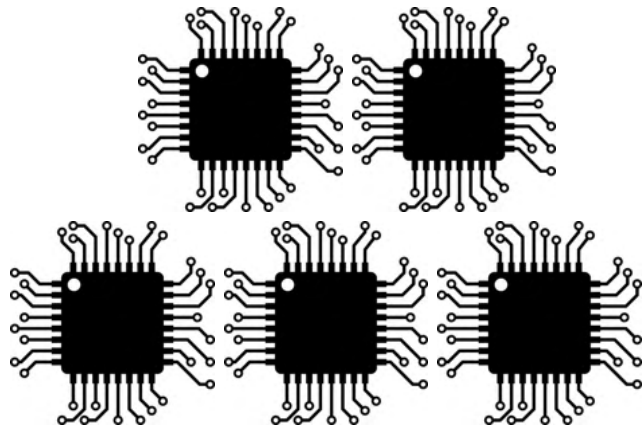
Assumption: Majority of computing power controlled by honest parties



# Bitcoin Consensus

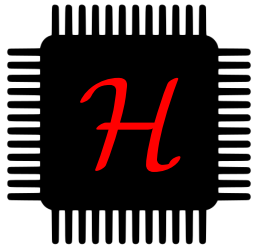
## Nakamoto Consensus

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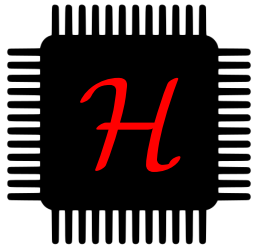
# Proofs of Work [DworkNaor92]

How can  prove that it evaluated  $\mathcal{H}$   $10^9$  times?



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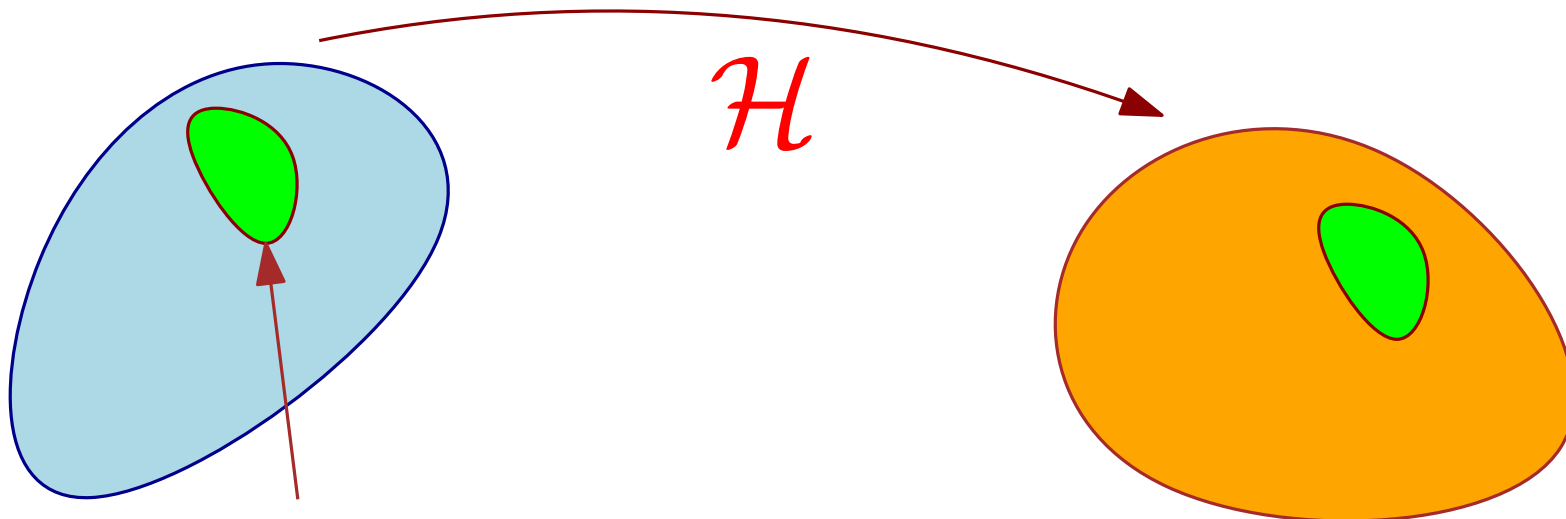
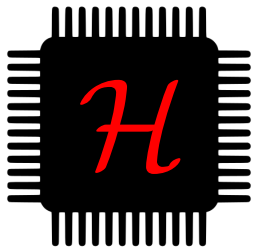


$$\begin{array}{c} \mathcal{H}(1) \\ \mathcal{H}(2) \\ \hline \mathcal{H}(3) \\ \vdots \\ \mathcal{H}(1000000000) \end{array} \longrightarrow$$



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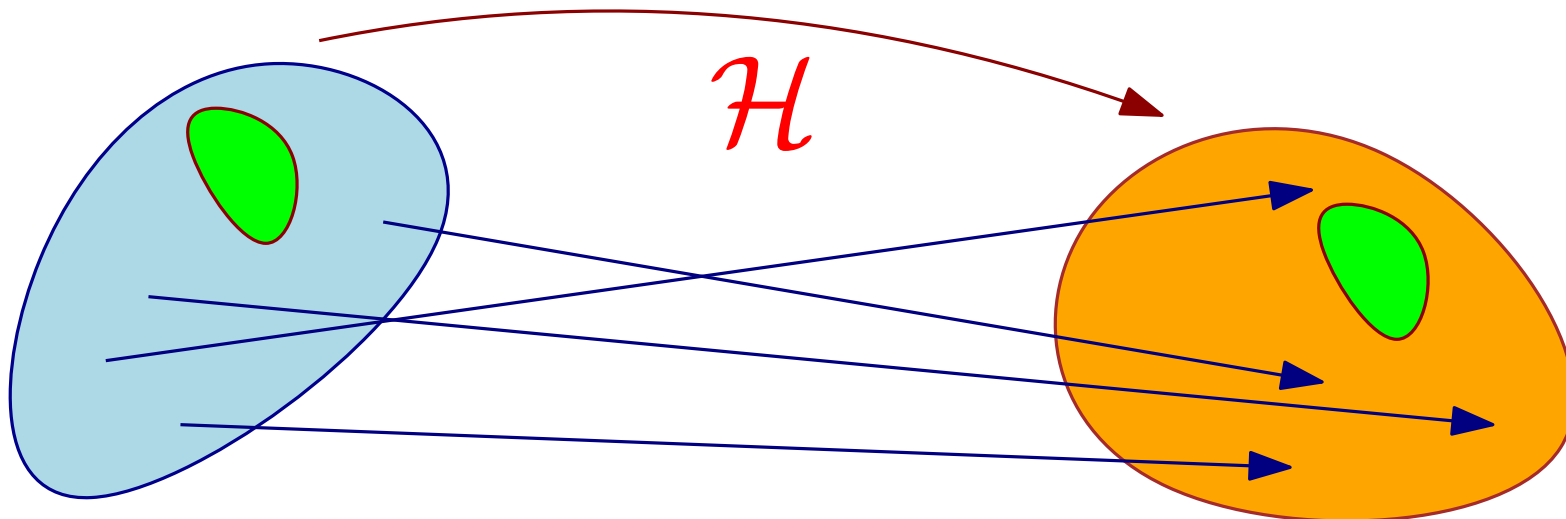
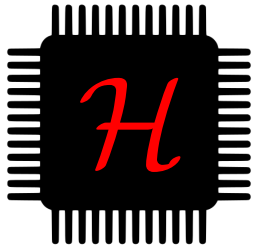
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$$\{X : \mathcal{H}(X) = 000000000 \dots\}$$

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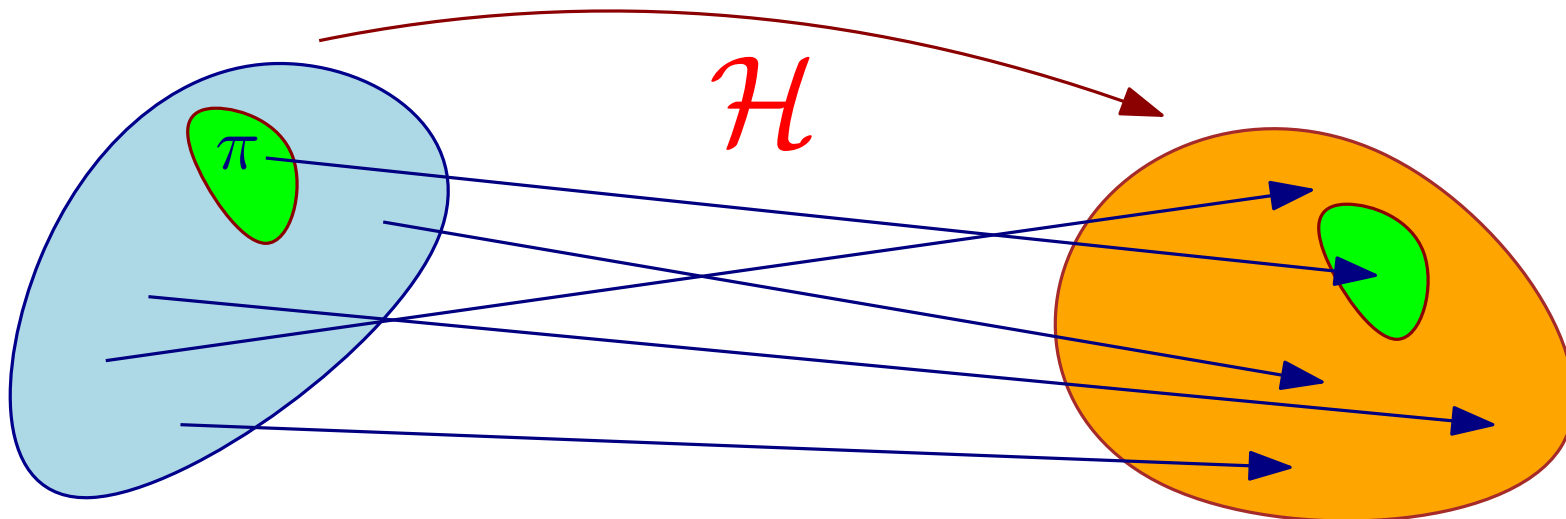
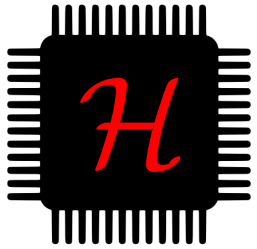
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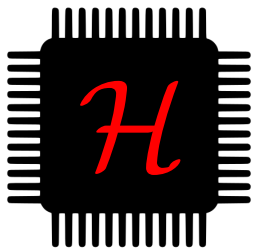
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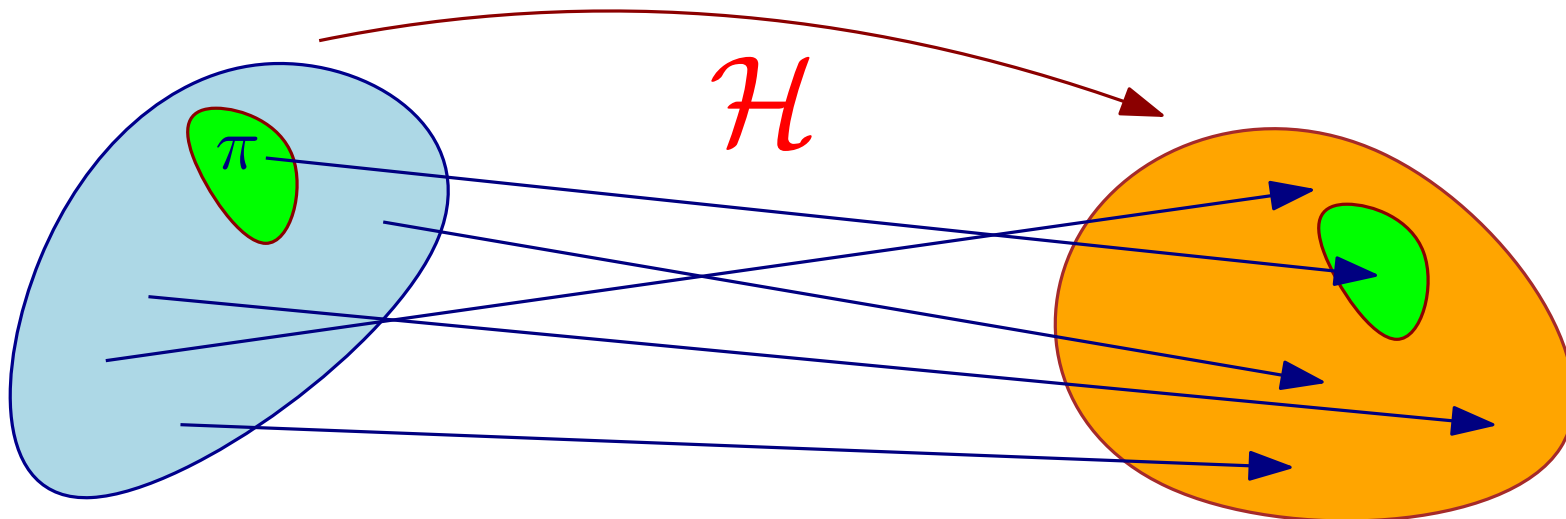


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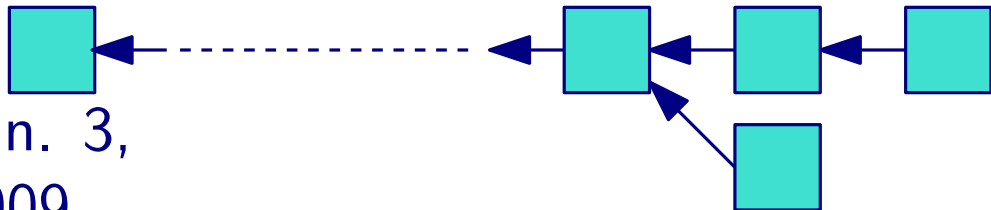
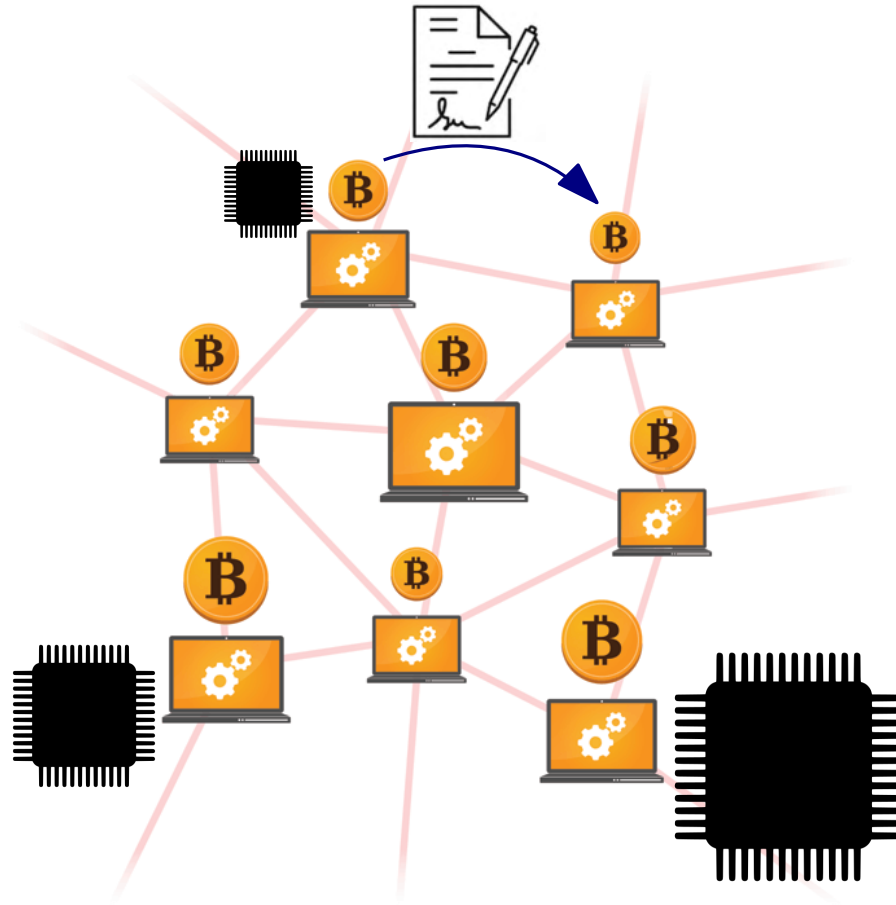


$$\mathcal{H}(\pi) \stackrel{?}{=} 0000000000??????????????$$



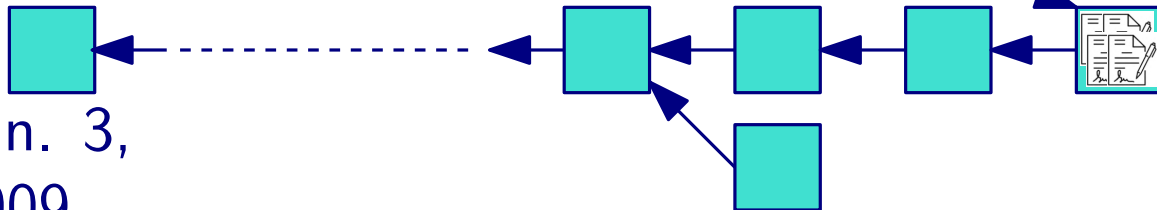
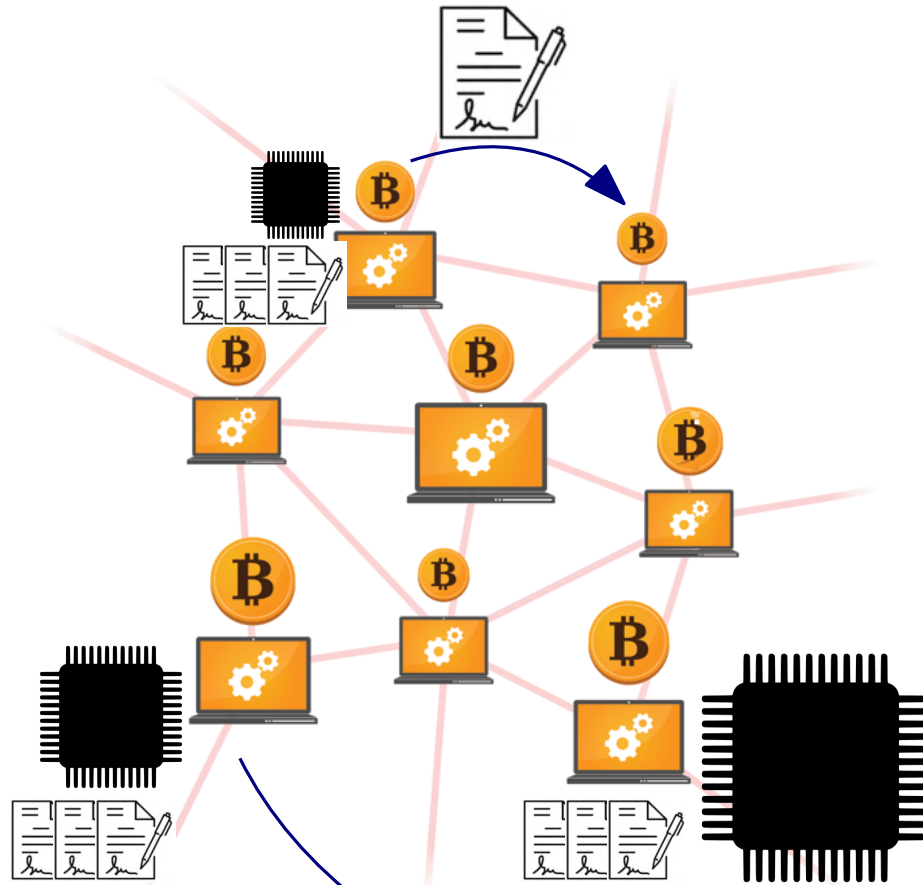
$10^9$  required in expectation to find a proof  $\pi$

# Proofs of Work in Bitcoin



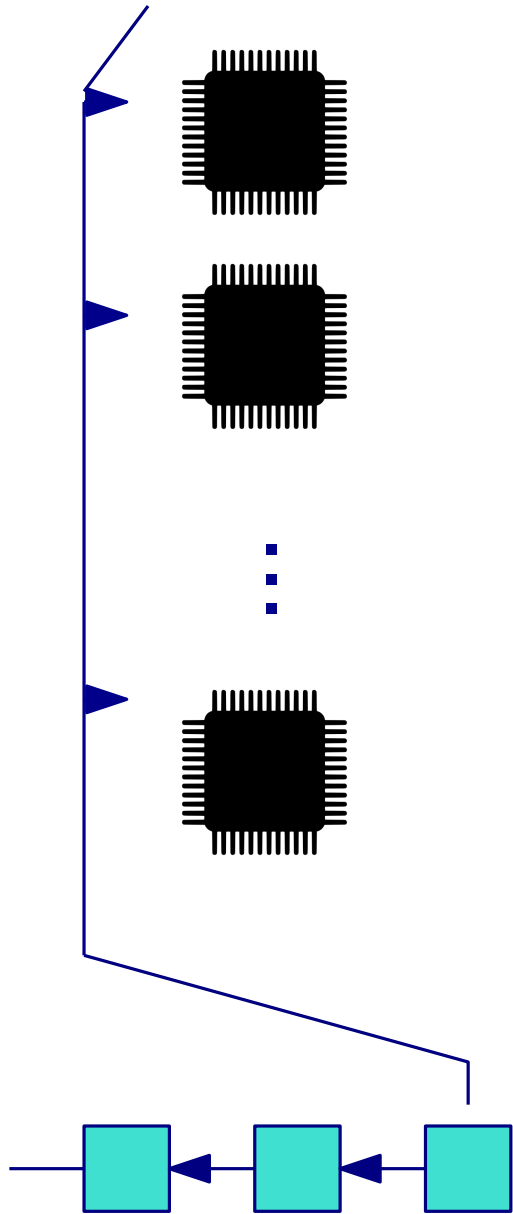
Jan. 3,  
2009

# Proofs of Work in Bitcoin

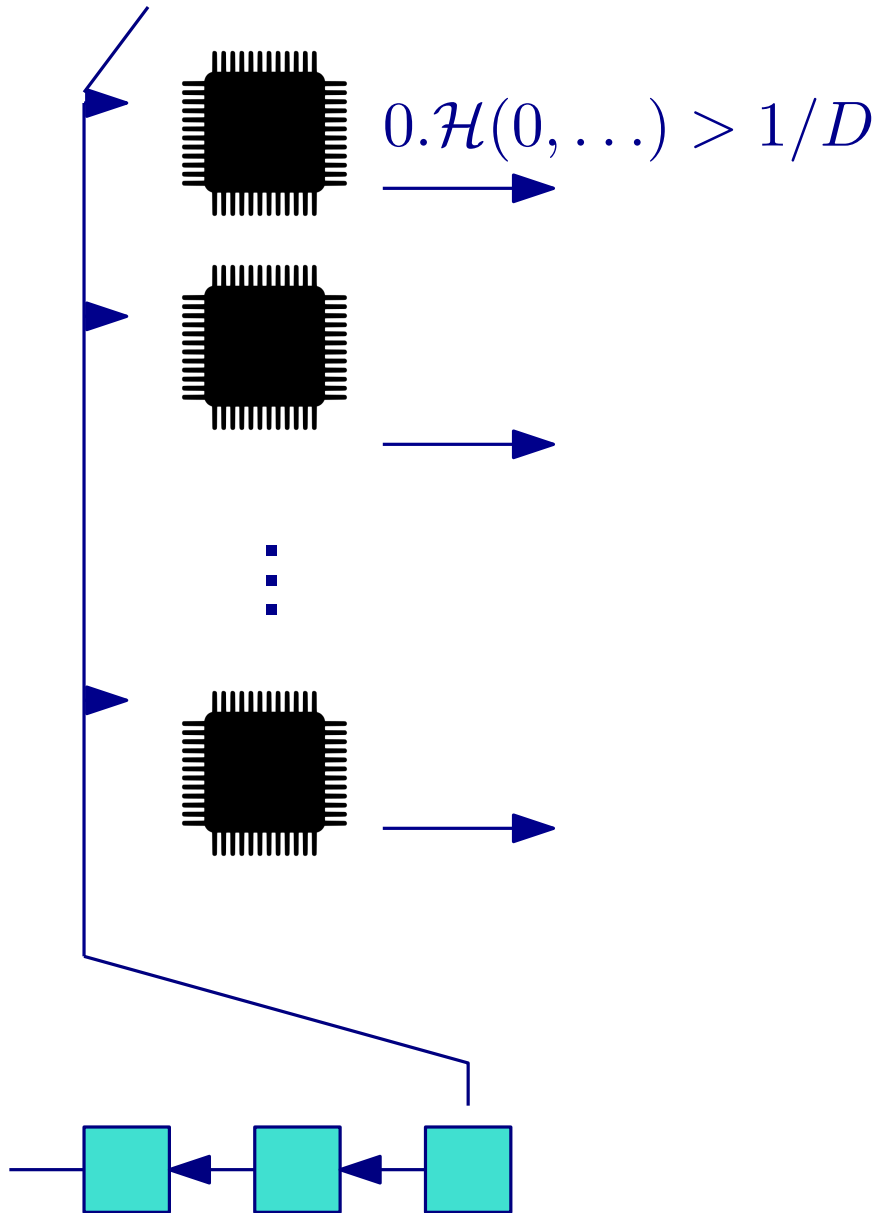


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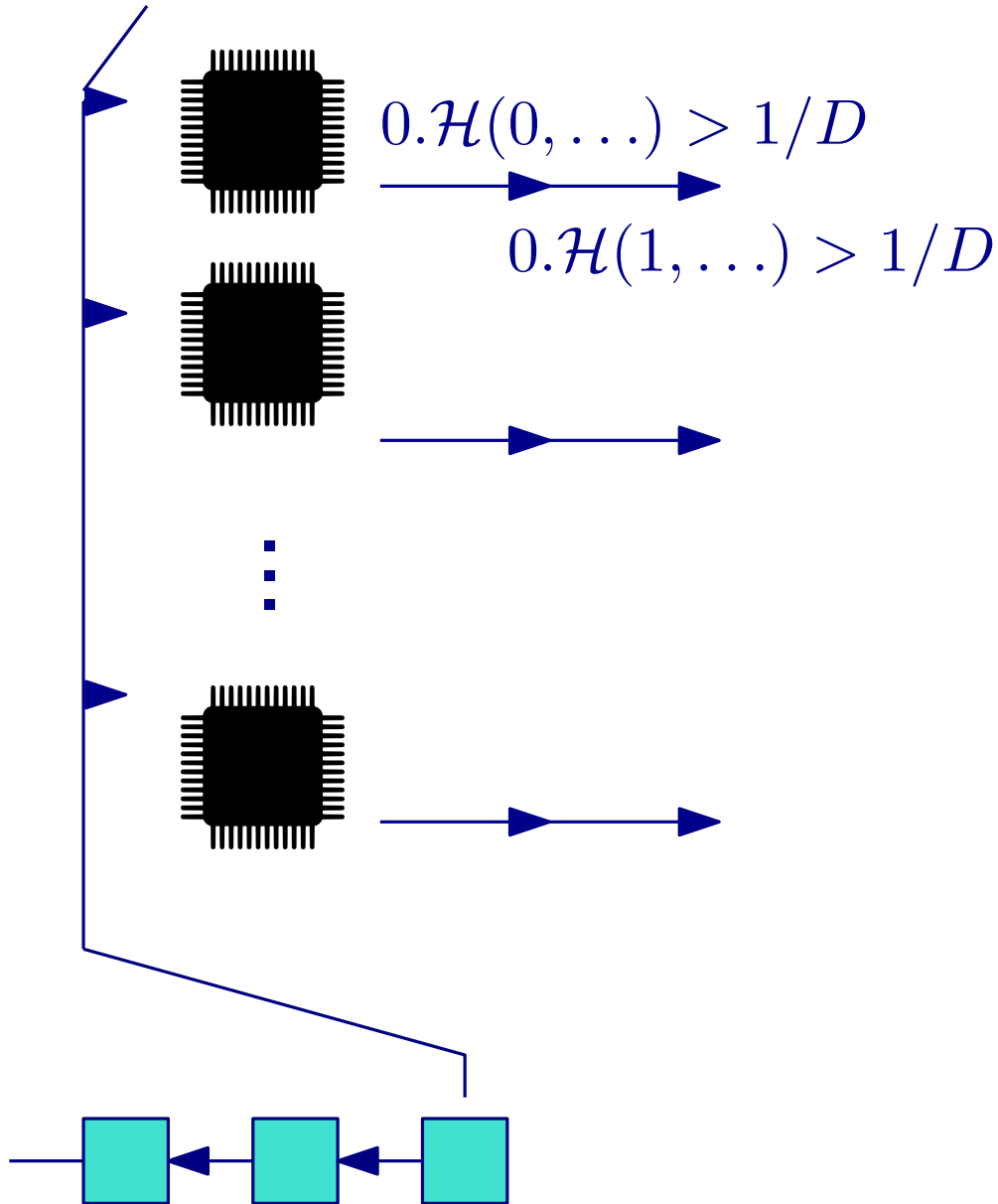
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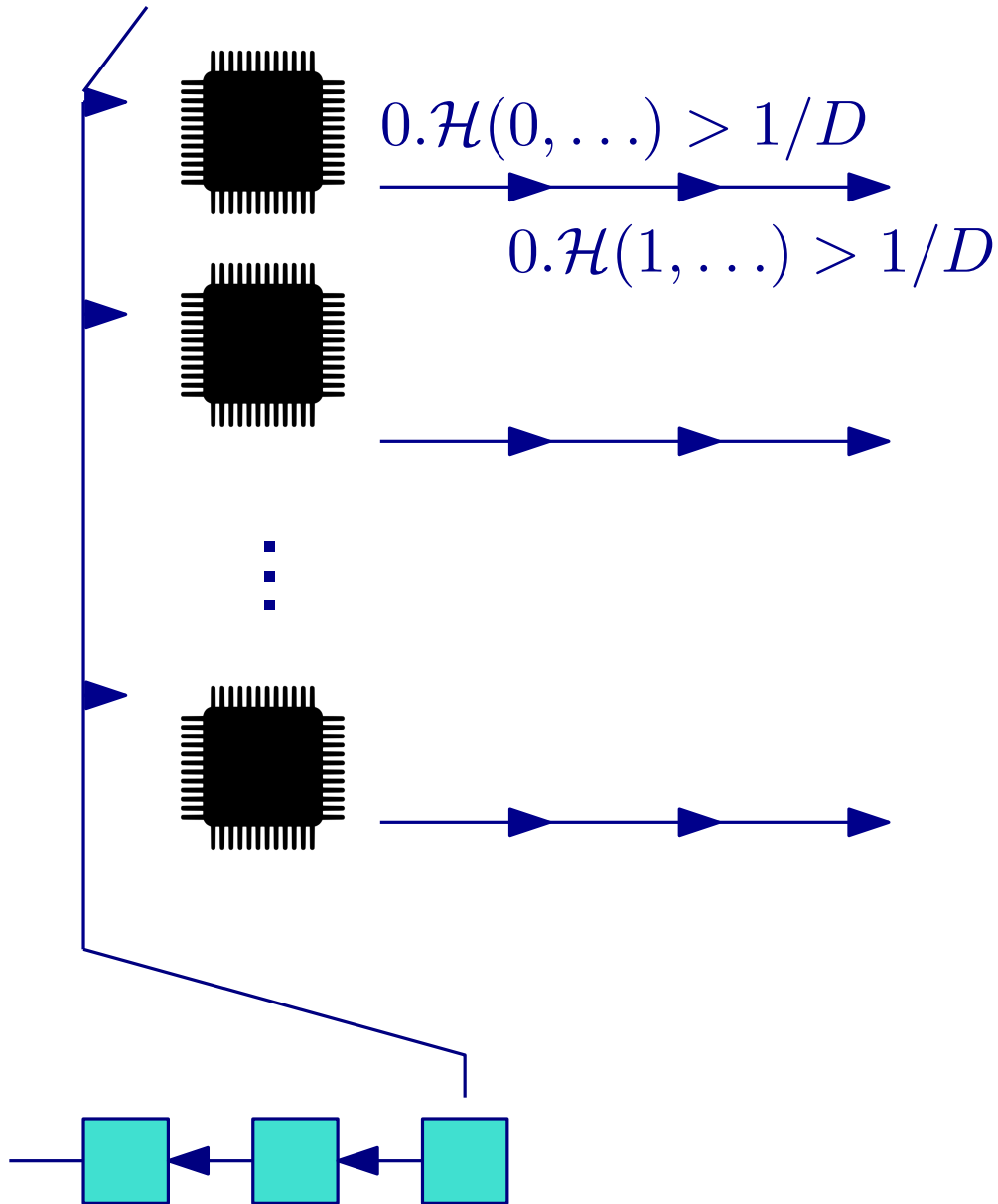
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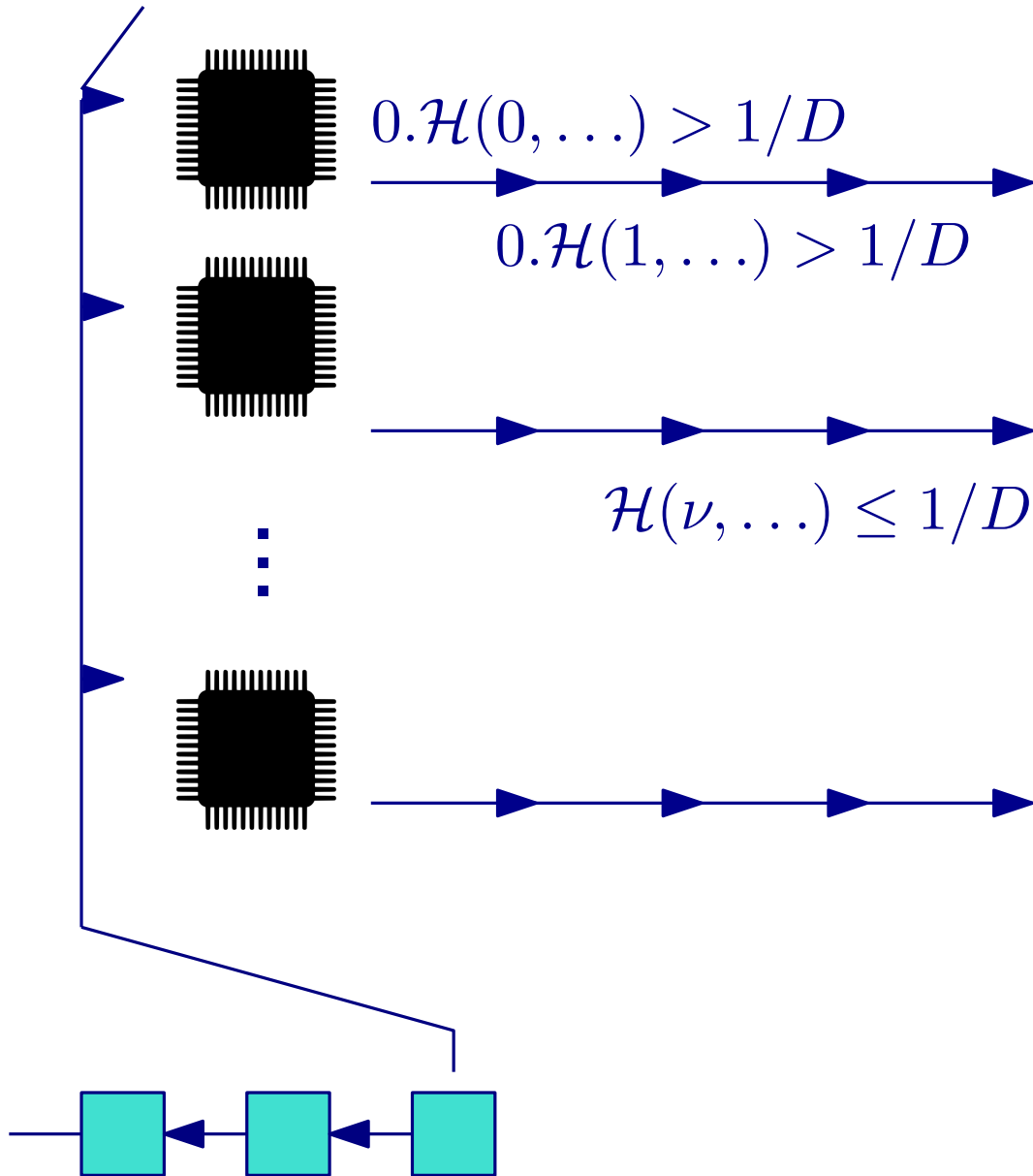


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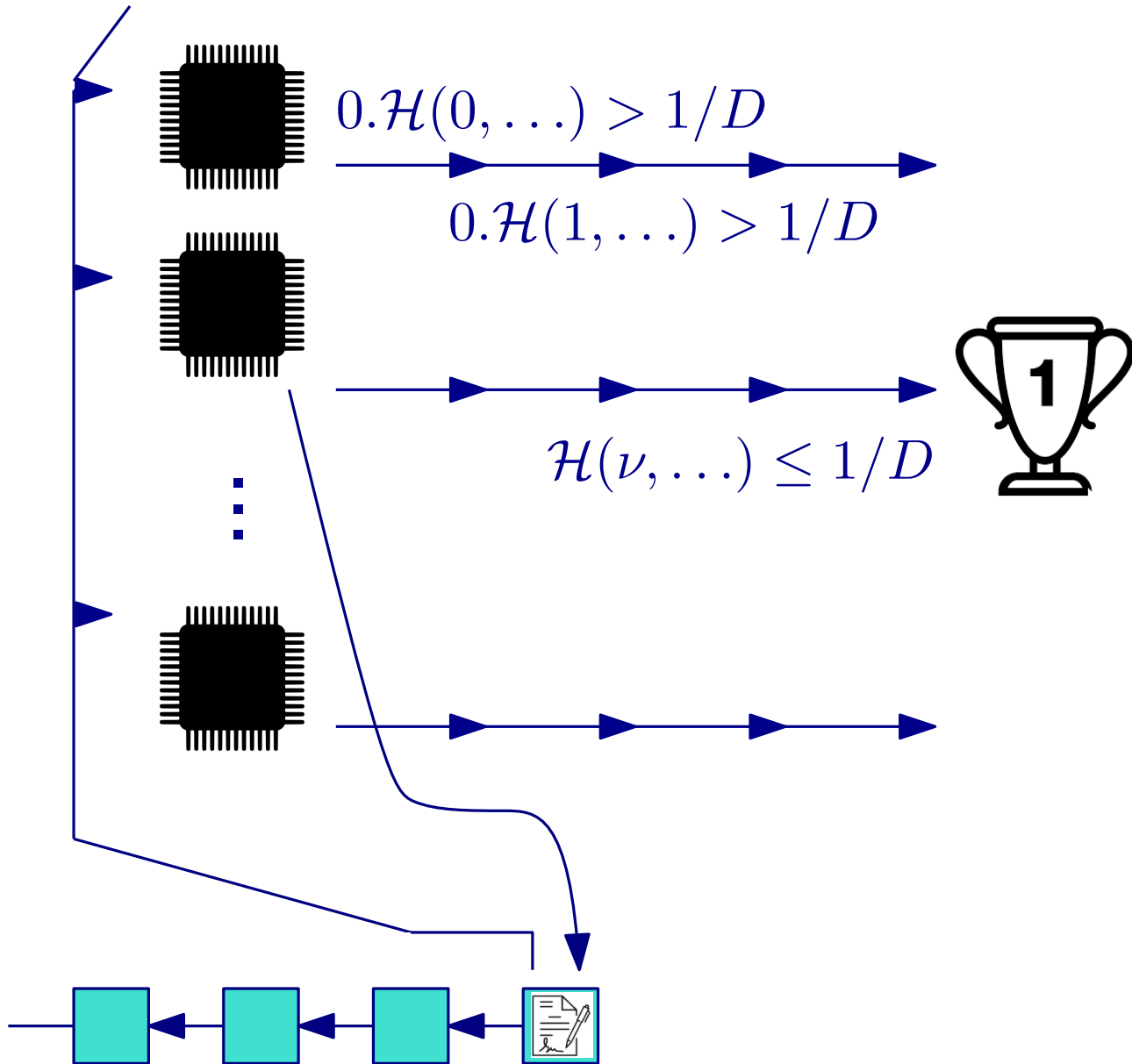




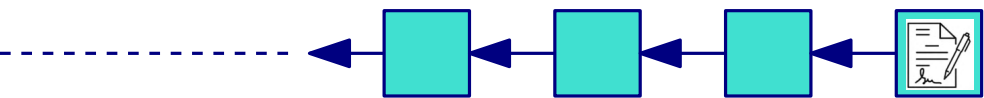
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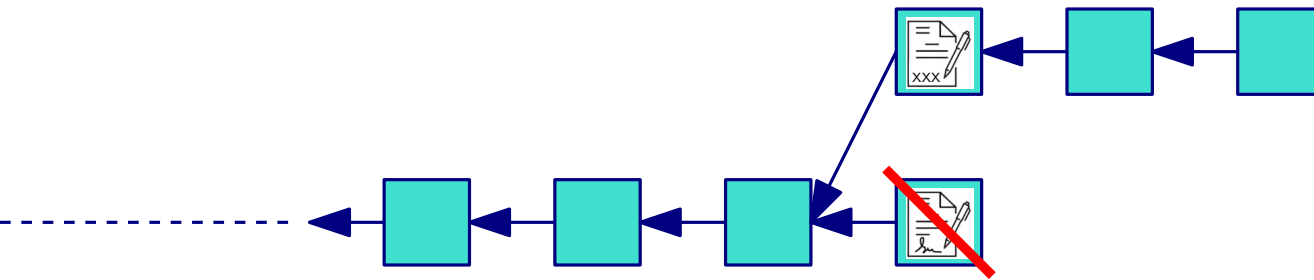
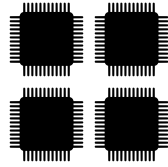
# Proofs of Work in Bitcoin



# Security of Bitcoin



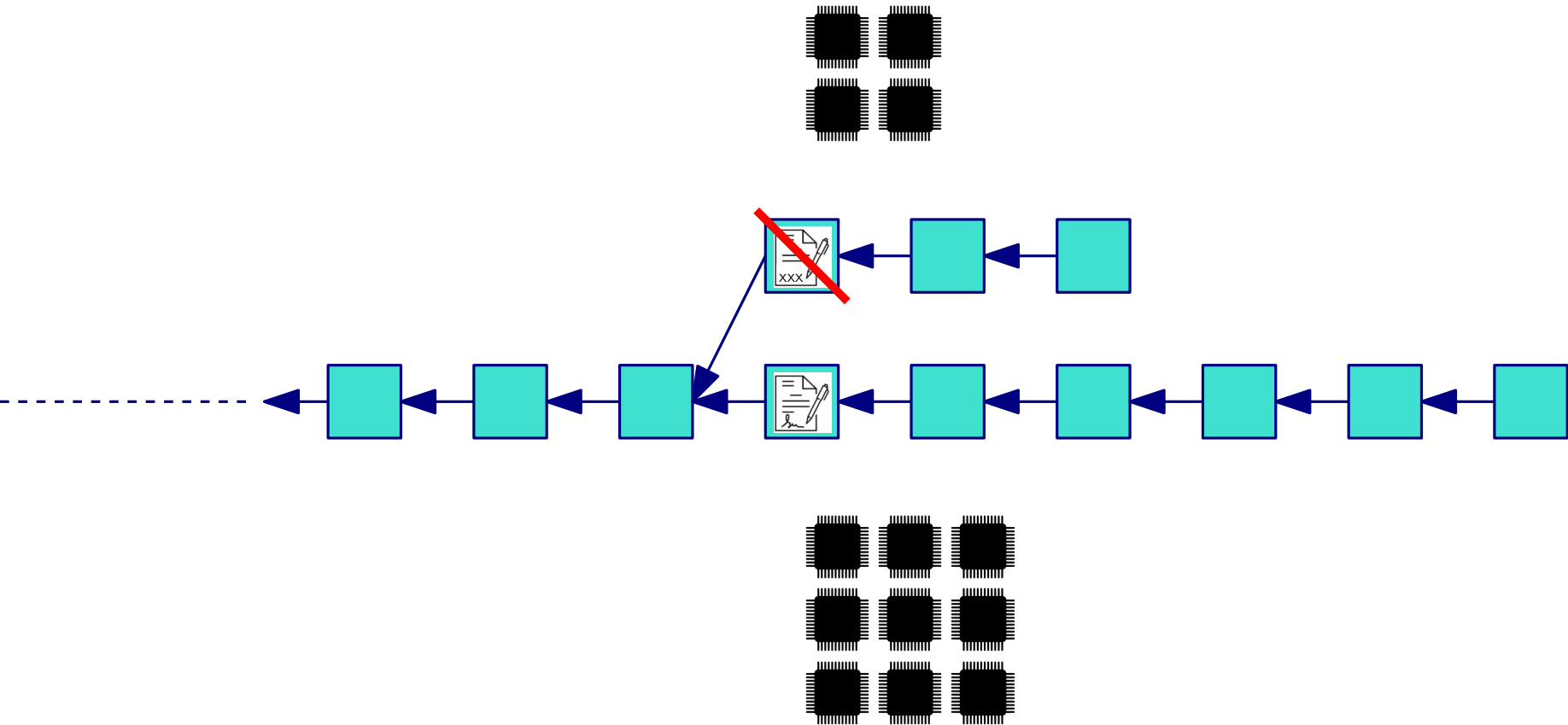
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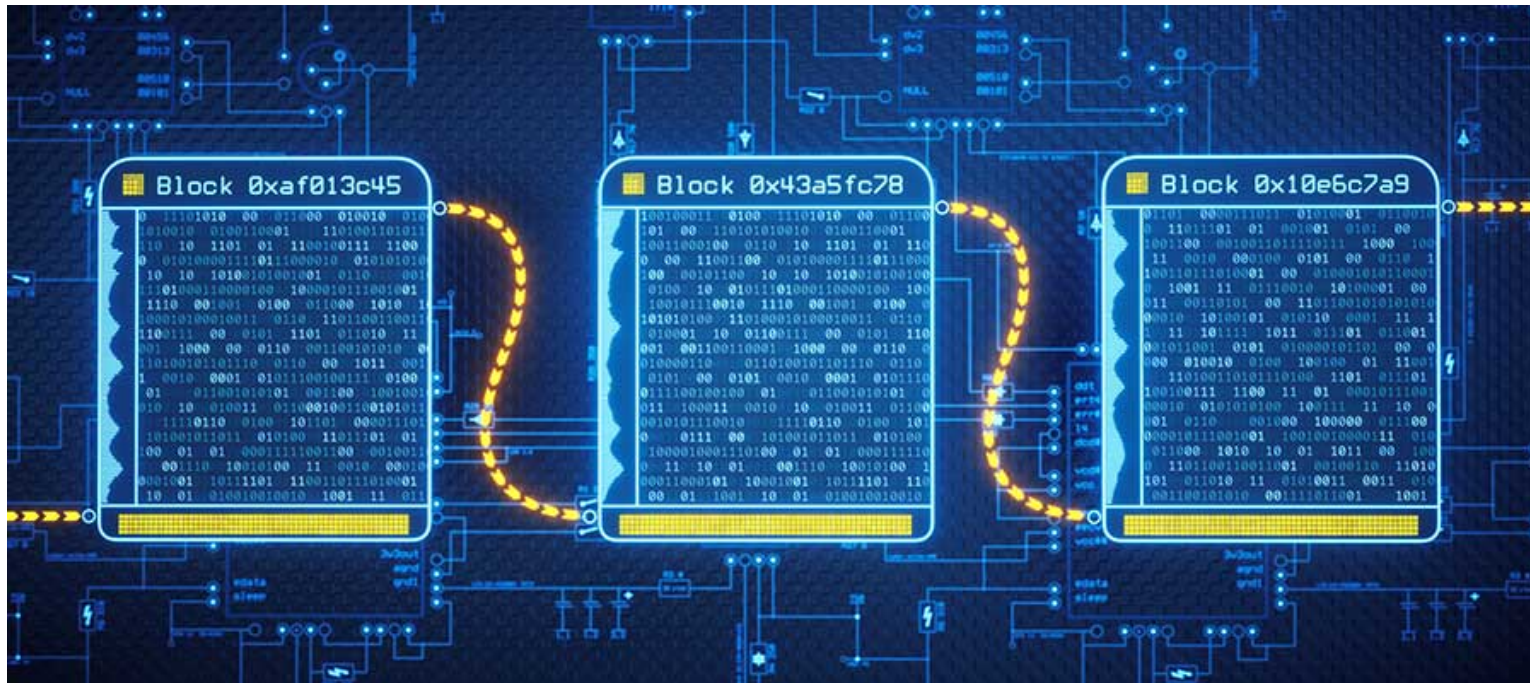
# Security of Bitcoin



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# Consensus and Application Layer



# Sustainability of Blockchains

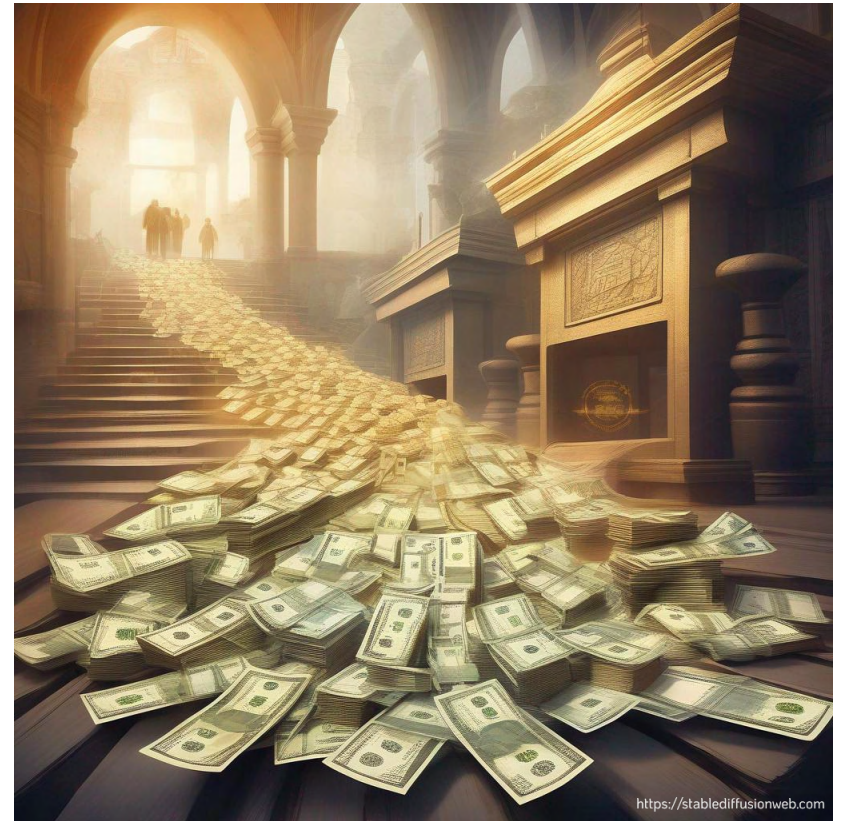
## Ecological footprint from mining





# Sustainability of Blockchains

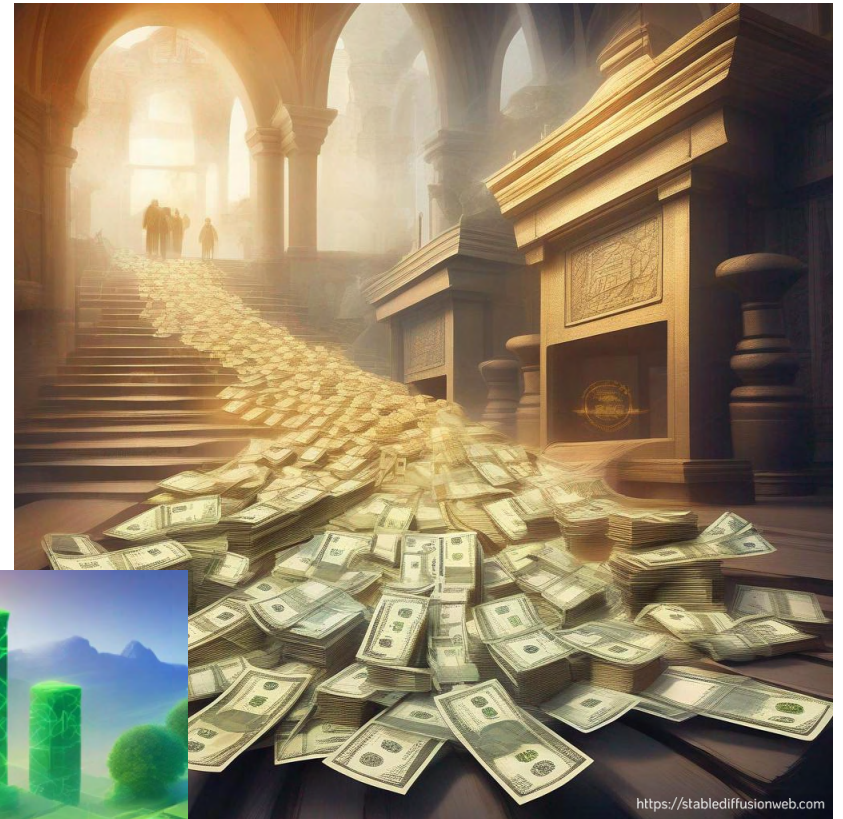
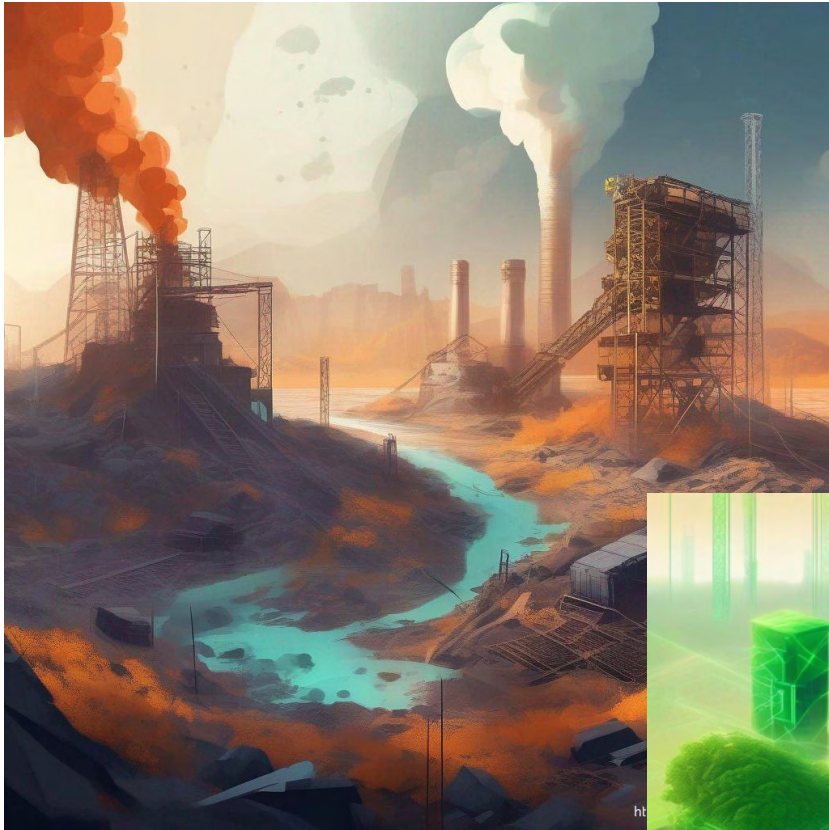
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Scalability

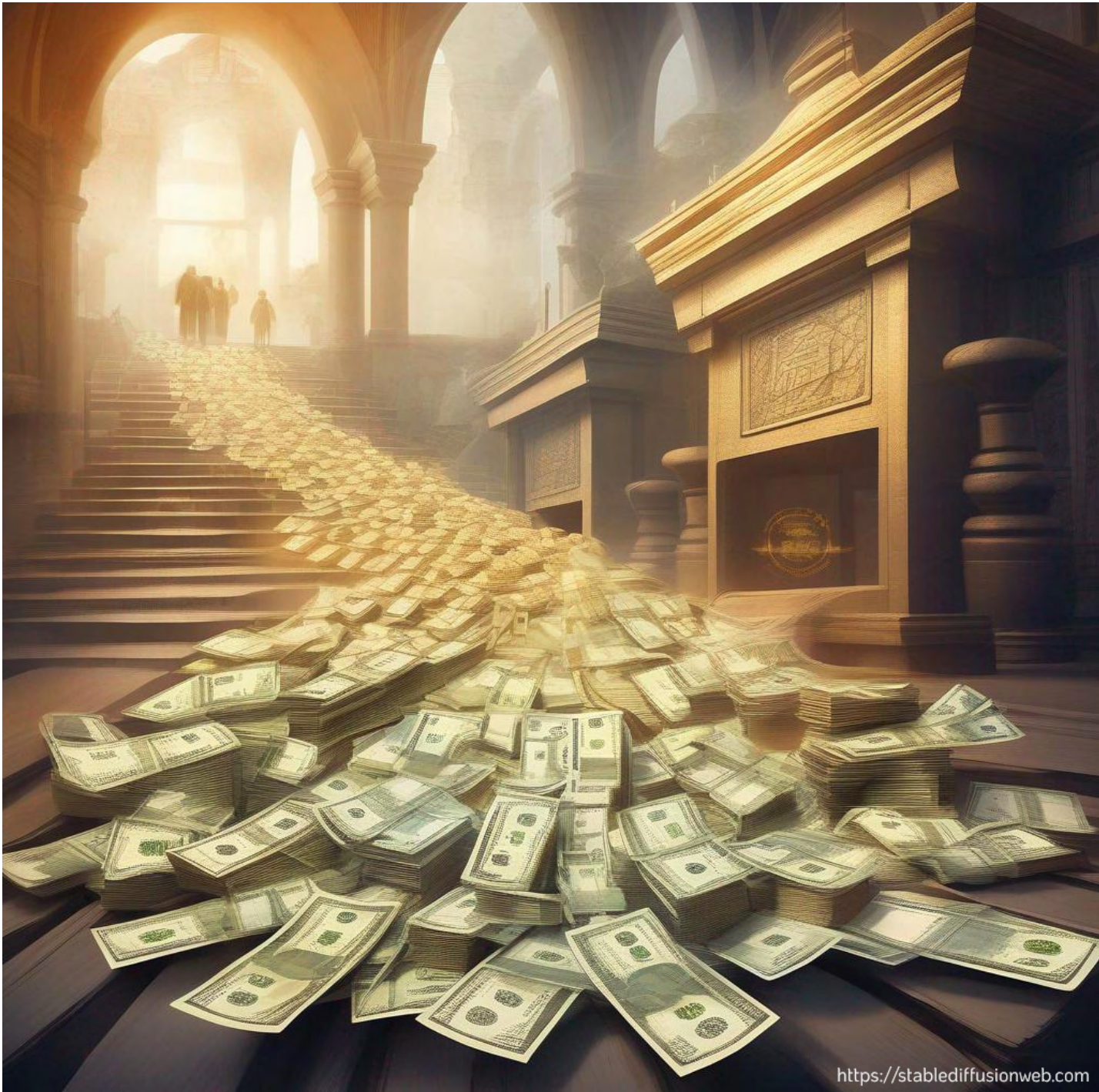
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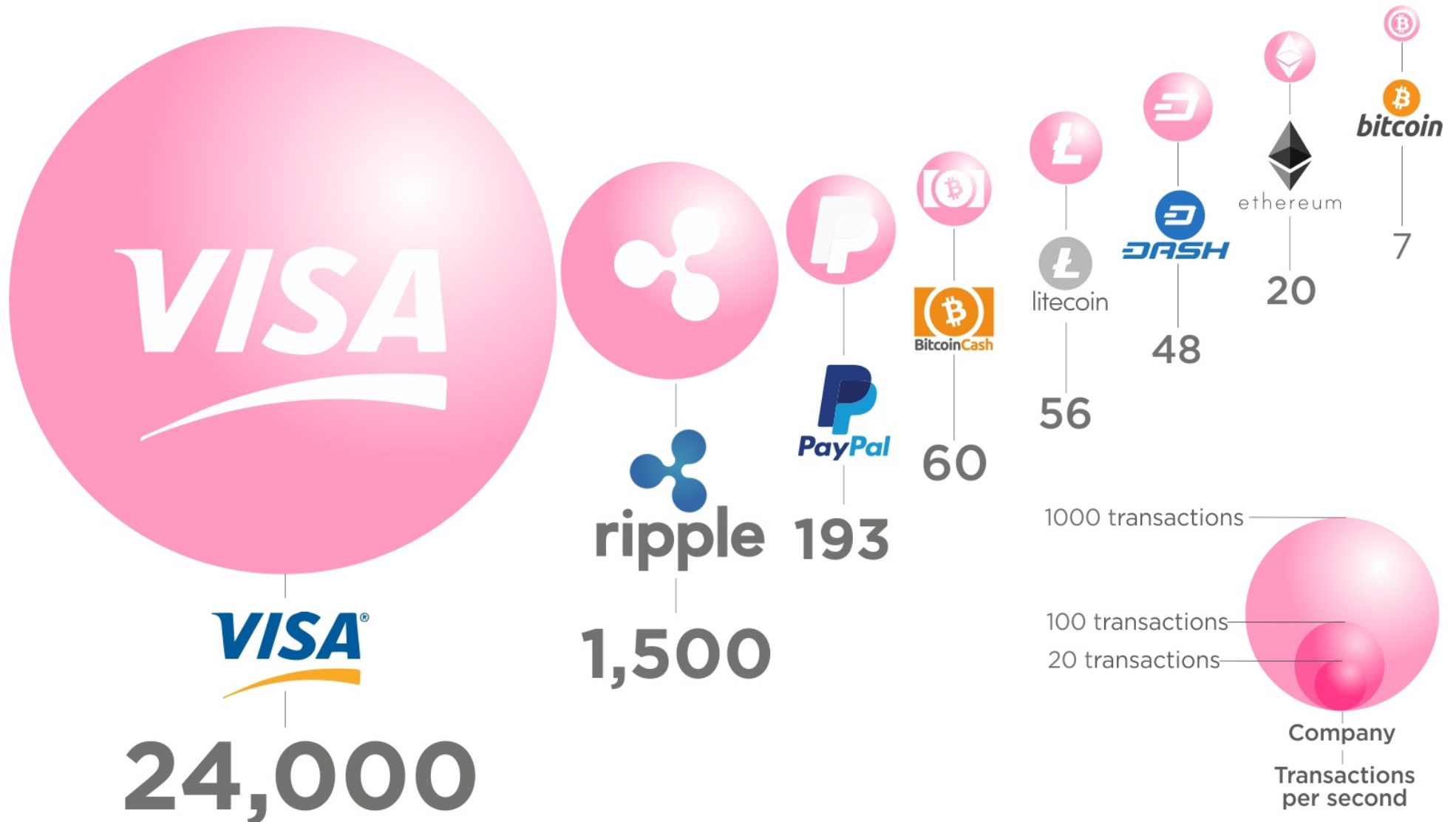
Scalability

Blockchains for sustainability



# Transactions per second

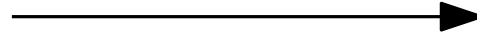
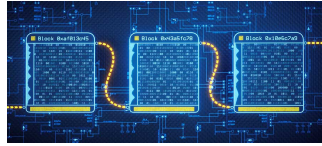
## Cryptocurrencies Transaction Speeds Compared to Visa & Paypal



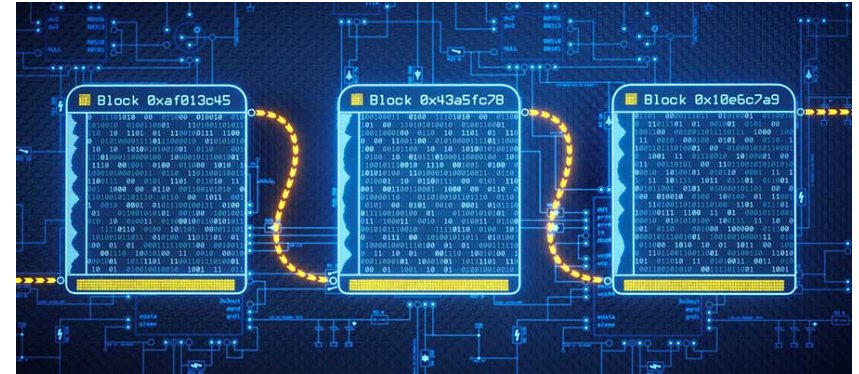
Article & Sources:

<https://howmuch.net/articles/crypto-transaction-speeds-compared>  
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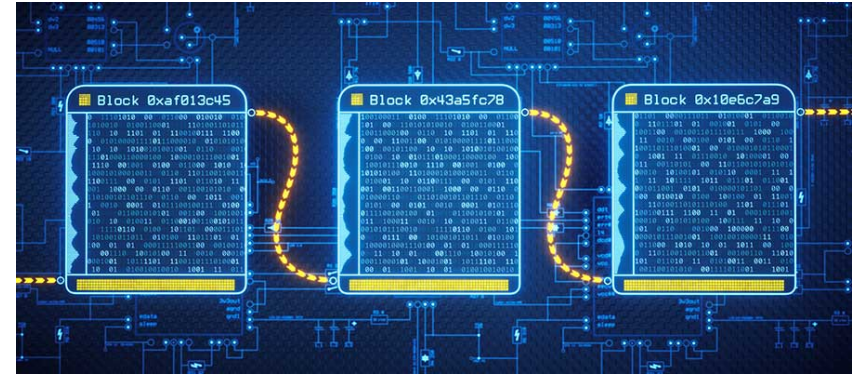
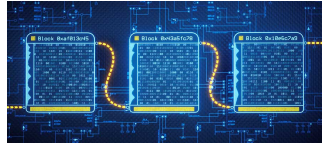
# Scaling Blockchains



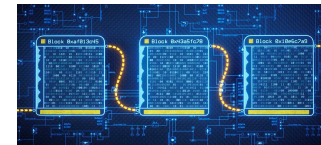
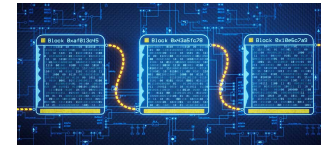
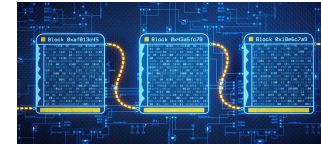
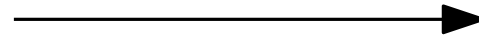
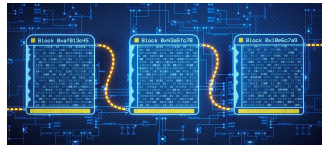
Increase block size and/or rate



# Scaling Blockchains



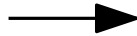
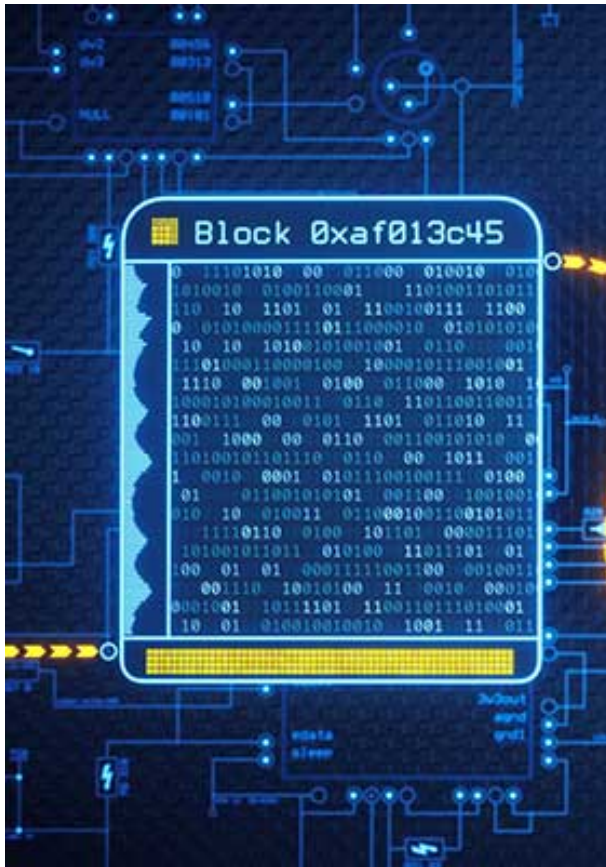
Increase block size and/or rate



Sharding

# Scaling Blockchains

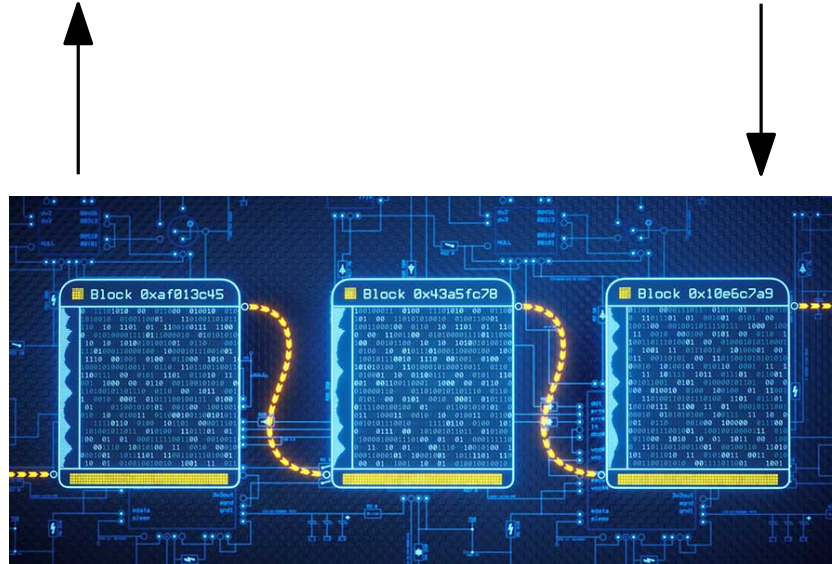
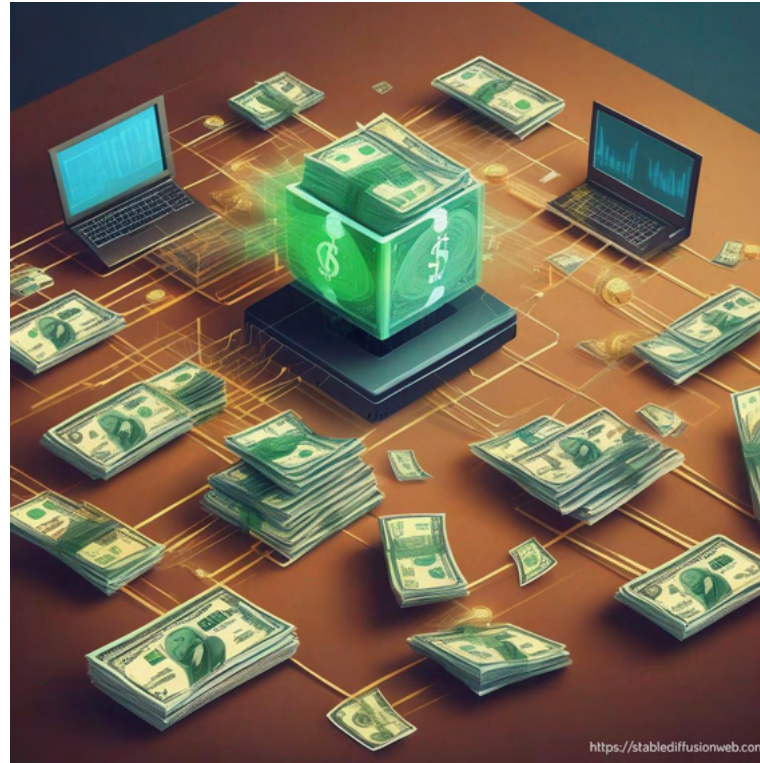
## Rollups



crypto magic  
zk-SNARKS

# Scaling Blockchains

Layer 2 solutions:  
Payment channels







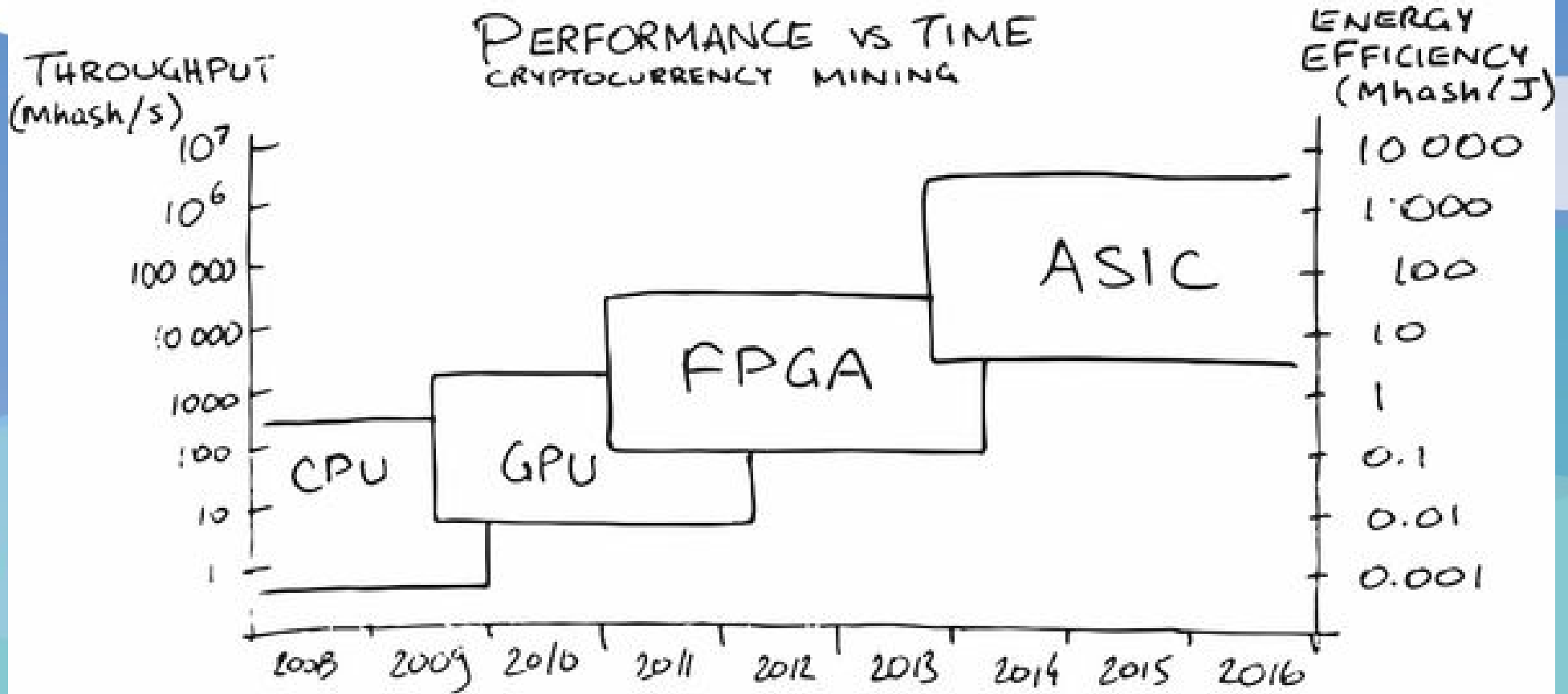
# Bitcoin Mining

Nakamoto's vision: spare CPU cycles used for mining



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# Bitcoin Mining



# Bitcoin Sustainability

<https://digiconomist.net/bitcoin-energy-consumption>

## Single Bitcoin Transaction Footprints

### Carbon Footprint

423.07 kgCO<sub>2</sub>



Equivalent to the carbon footprint of 937,664 VISA transactions or 70,511 hours of watching Youtube.

### Electrical Energy

758.51 kWh



Equivalent to the power consumption of an average U.S. household over 26.00 days.

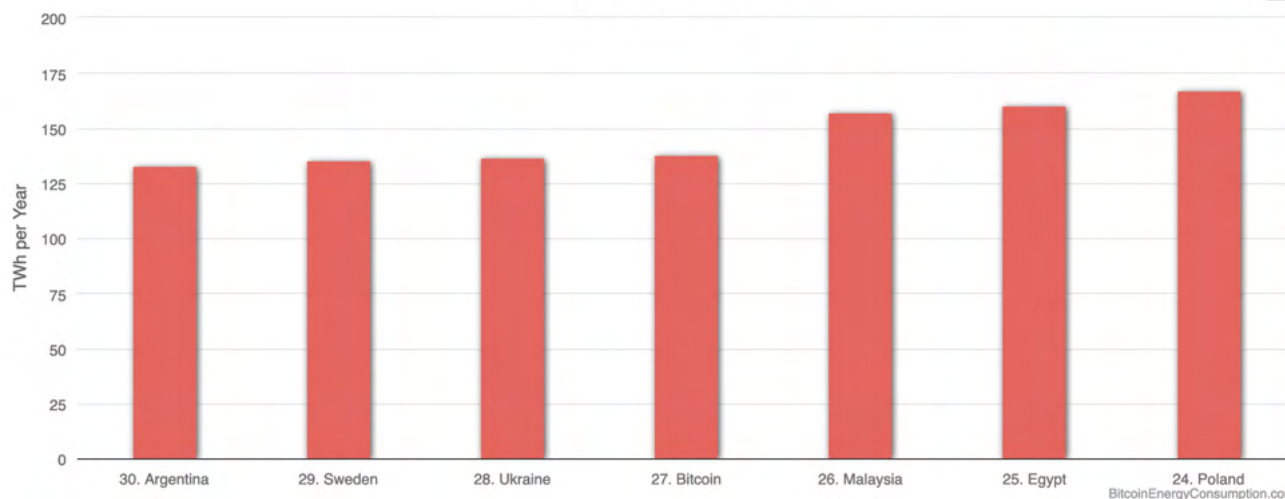
### Electronic Waste

394.40 grams



Equivalent to the weight of 2.40 iPhones 12 or 0.80 iPads. (Find more info on e-waste [here.](#))

Energy Consumption by Country



# Can we have a more sustainable Blockchain?



# Alternatives to Proof of Work Mining?



**Proofs of (Useful) Work**  
(Bitcoin, old Ethereum, Primecoin...)  
mining resource: work

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**Proofs of Stake**  
(Ethereum, Algorand,  
Ourboros...)  
mining resource: (staked) coins

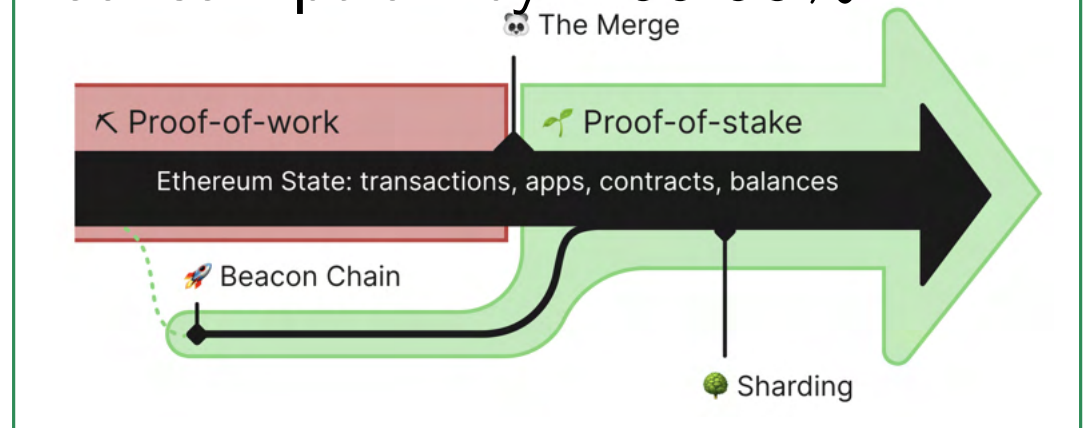


# Alternatives to Proof of Work Mining?



**Proofs of (Useful) Work**  
(Bitcoin, old Ethereum, Primecoin...)  
mining resource: work

September 2022, “the Merge”  
reduced Ethereum’s energy  
consumption by  $\approx 99.95\%$ .



**Proofs of Stake**  
(Ethereum, Algorand,  
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mining resource: (staked) coins

# PoW vs PoS

PoSake no longer permissionless?

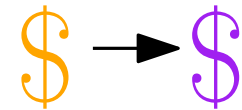
# PoW vs PoS

Long range attack using “old keys”

staked coins  
transferred to

new

addresses



staked coins



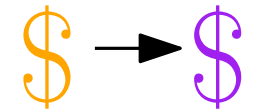
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Adversary cheaply acquires \$

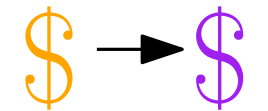
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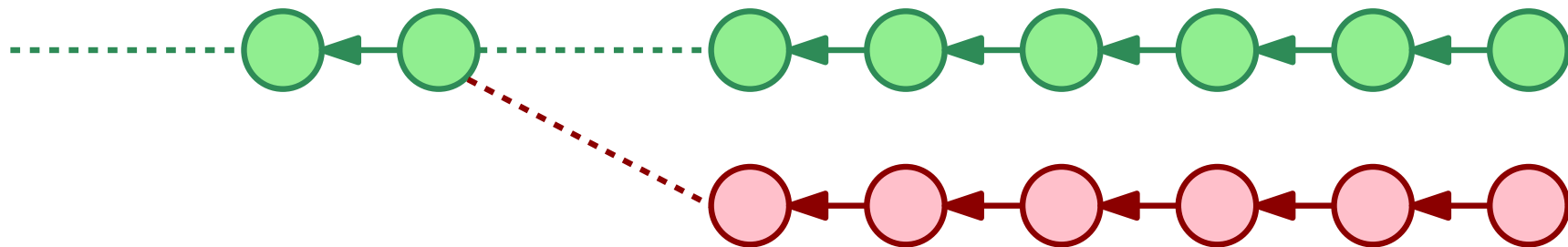
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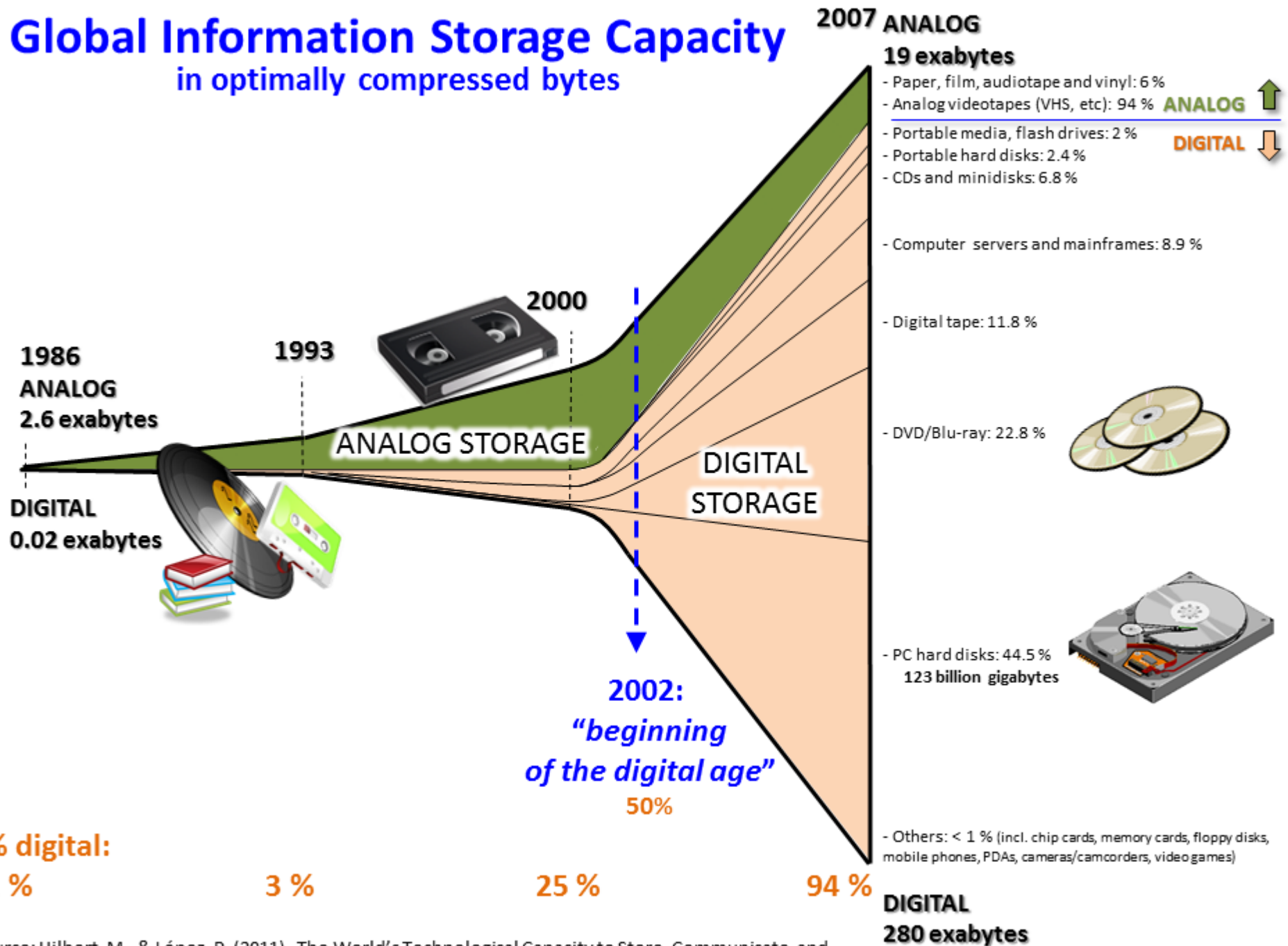
staked coins



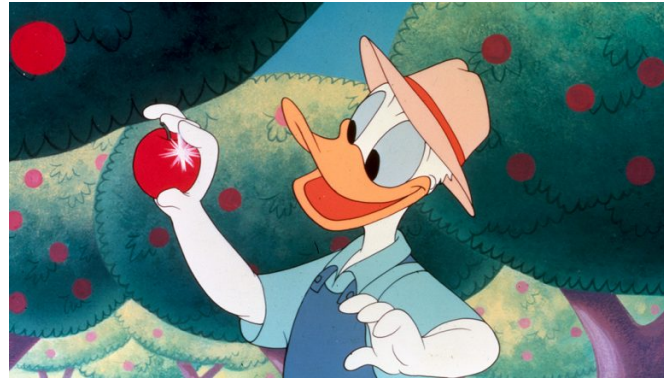
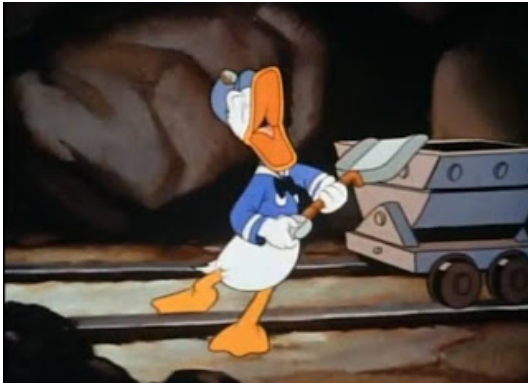
Adversary cheaply acquires \$

Adversary bootstraps heavier chain using \$

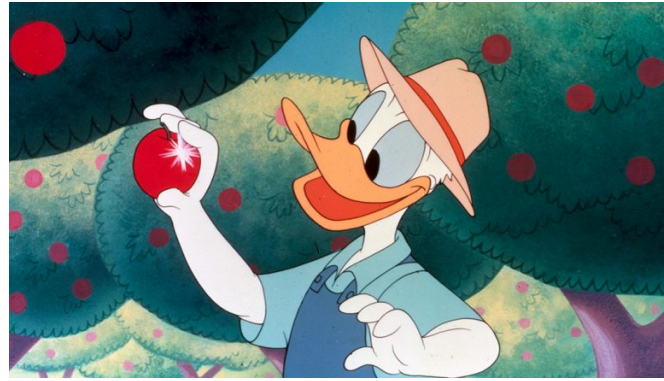
# Global Information Storage Capacity in optimally compressed bytes



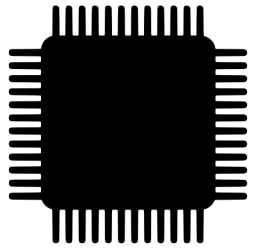
# Work vs. Space vs. Stake Mining/Farming



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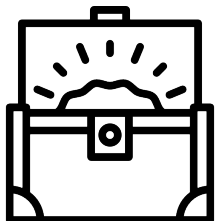
Resource is



External



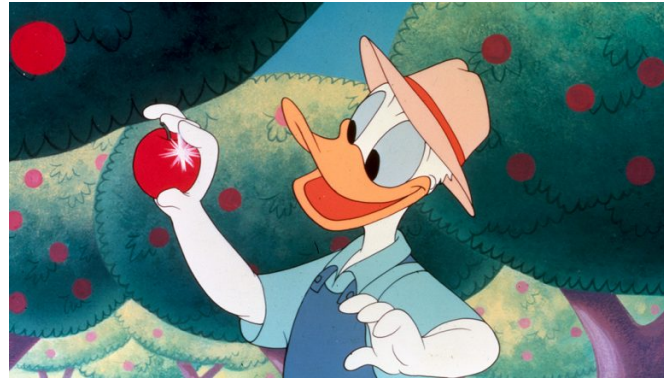
External



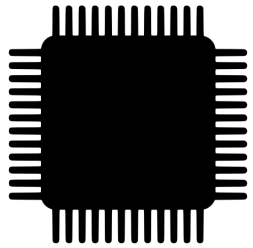
Internal



# Work vs. Space vs. Stake Mining/Farming



Resource is      Power consumption



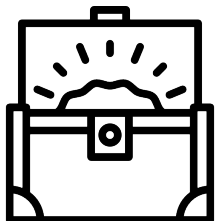
External

Huge



External

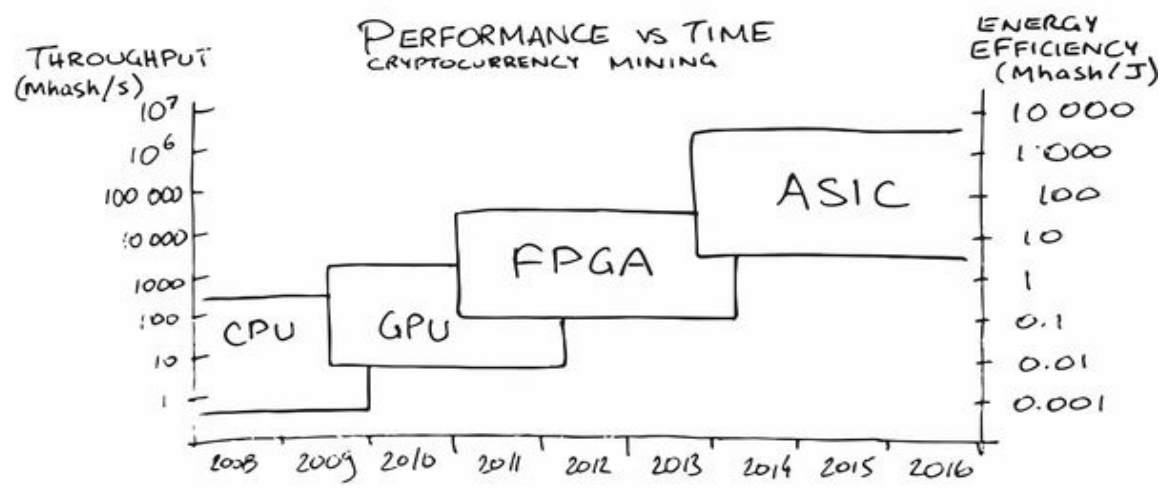
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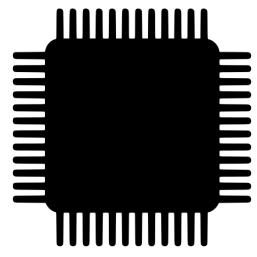
Internal

Tiny

# Work vs. Space vs. Stake Mining/Farming



Resource is      Power consumption      Hardware



External

Huge

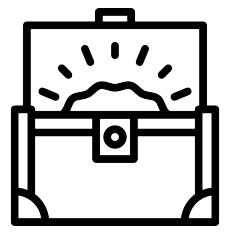
Application Specific  
Integrated Circuits  
(ASIC)



External

Tiny

General Purpose Disk  
Storage



Internal

Tiny

None

# chia

*Green money  
for a digital world*



founded in 2017, launched 2021

The Guardian, May 26, 2021

# New cryptocurrency Chia blamed for hard drive shortages

**Speculators buy up vital components as demand surges for rival to bitcoin that requires huge storage space**



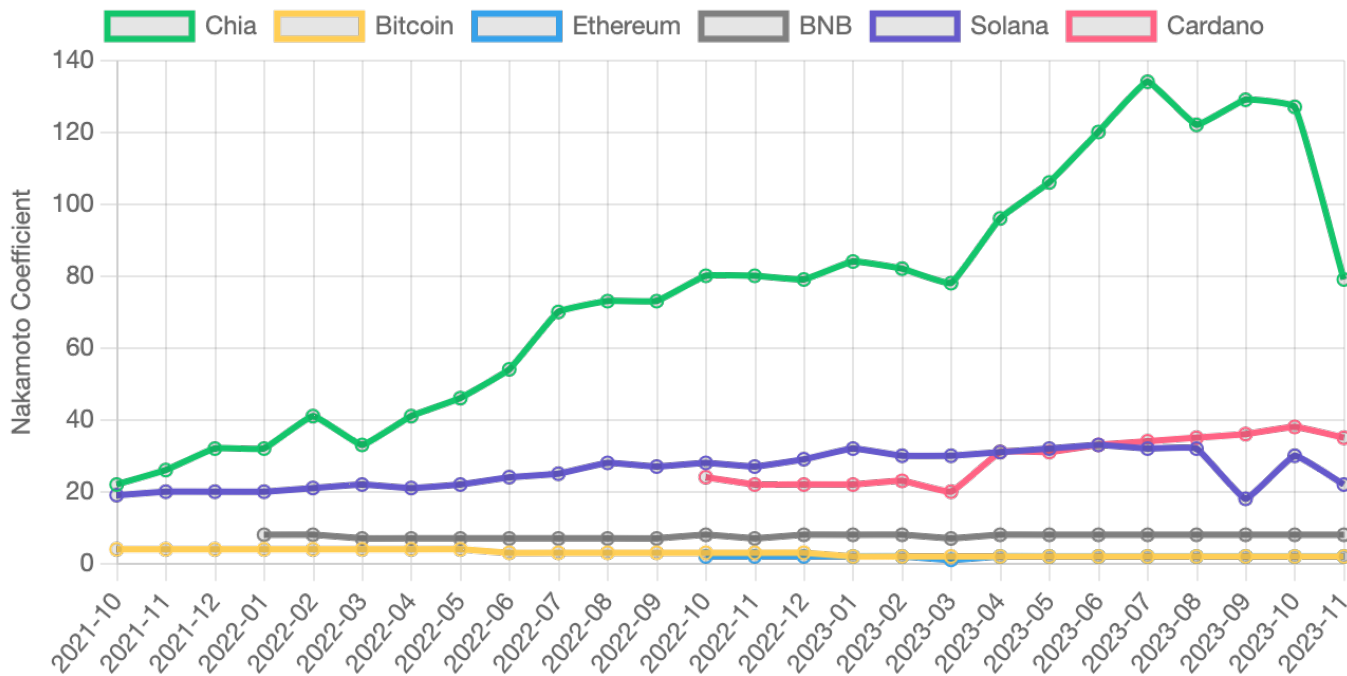
[Home](#)[Members](#)[FAQ](#)[News](#)[LinkedIn](#)[Resources](#)

# Driving the circular economy for storage

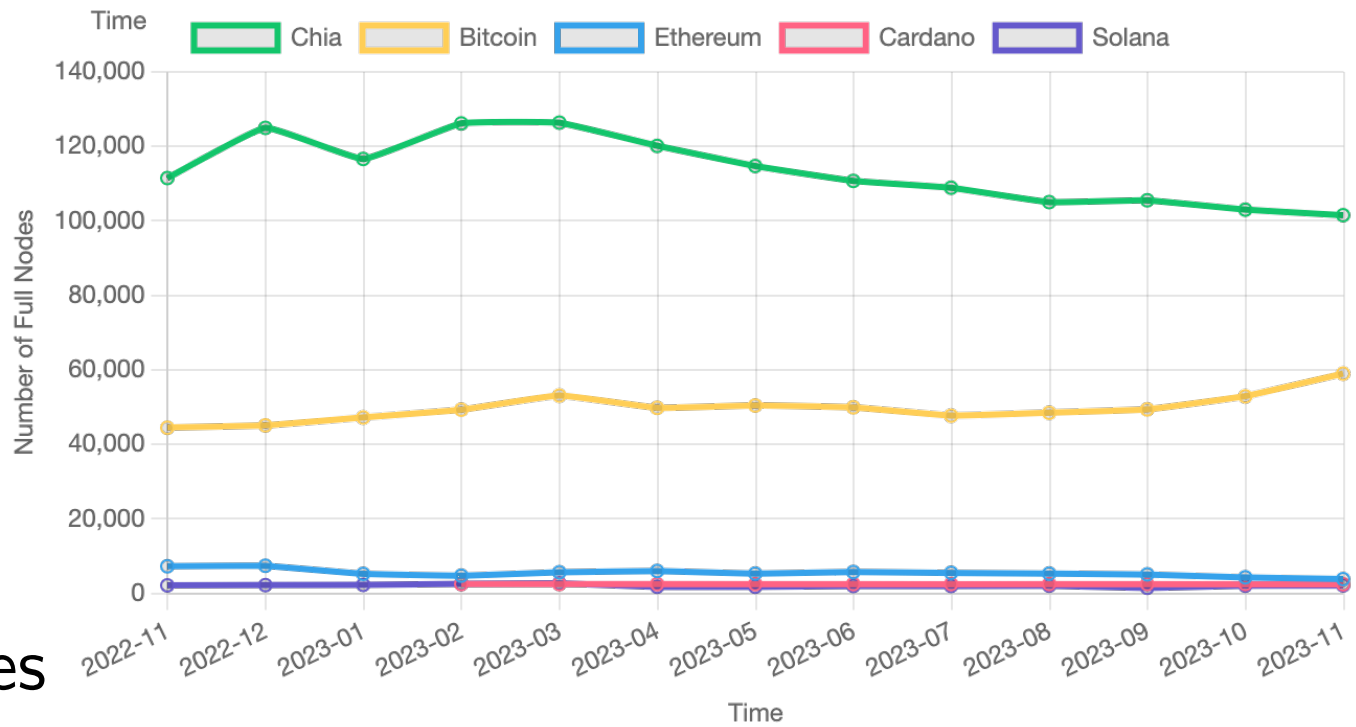
The Circular Drive Initiative (CDI) is a partnership of global leaders in digital storage, data centers, sustainability, and blockchain collaborating to reduce e-waste by enabling, driving, and promoting the secure reuse of storage hardware.



<https://xch.farm/decentralization/>



Nakamoto Coefficient



Number of Full Nodes



# chiaecosystem

June 2023  
@SlowestTimelord

## Wallets



## Blockchain Explorers



## Pools

### Official Pooling Protocol



### OG Pools

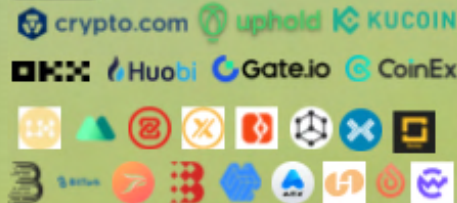


## Exchanges

### DEXs & AMMs



### CEXs



### Swap Services



## CATs



XCH.trade  
...and many more

## NFTs



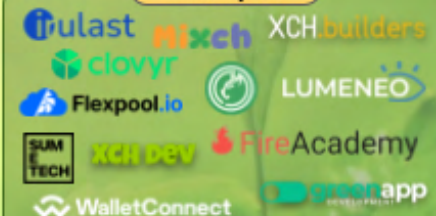
## Community



## Plotting and Farming



## Developers



## Official Partnerships





## Climate Warehouse: Helping Countries Leverage Climate Markets and Carbon Pricing



Abonnieren

👍 125 | 🗨️

➦ Teilen

↓ Herunterladen

⋮

<https://youtu.be/7k9U60scEK4>



# Proofs of Space



# Proofs of Space



73735	45963	78134	63873
02965	58303	90708	20025
98859	23851	27965	62394
33666	62570	64775	78428
81666	26440	20422	05720

15838	47174	76866	14330
89793	34378	08730	56522
78155	22466	81978	57323
16381	66207	11698	99314
75002	80827	53867	37797

99982	27601	62686	44711
84543	87442	50033	14021
77757	54043	46176	42391
80871	32792	87989	72248
30500	28220	12444	71840

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# Proofs of Space



random  
index

37797



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# Proofs of Space

73735 45963 78134 63873  
02965 58303 90708 20025  
98859 23851 27965 62394  
33666 62570 64775 78428  
81666 26440 20422 05720

TOO MUCH  
COMMUNICATION

99982 27601 62686 44711  
84543 87442 50033 14021  
77757 54043 46176 42391  
80871 32792 87989 72248  
30500 28220 12444 71840



# Proofs of Space

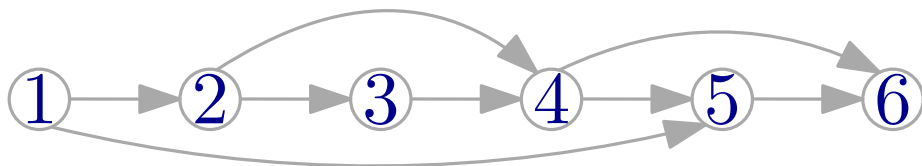


Stefan Dziembowski, Sebastian Faust, Vladimir Kolmogorov, Krzysztof Pietrzak: Proofs of Space. CRYPTO 2015

# Proofs of Space



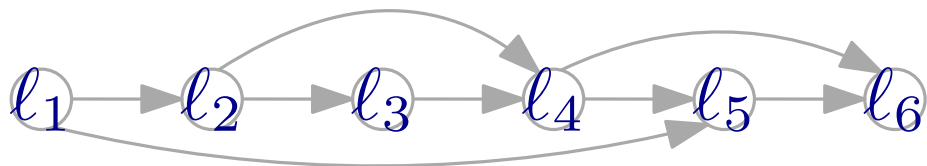
<https://www.pebbling-game.at/>



# Proofs of Space

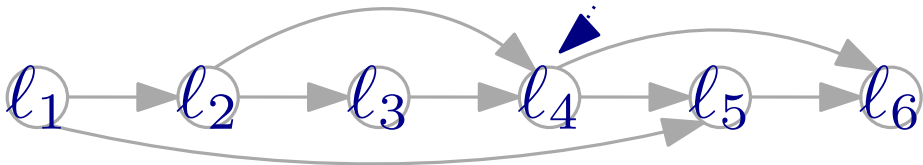
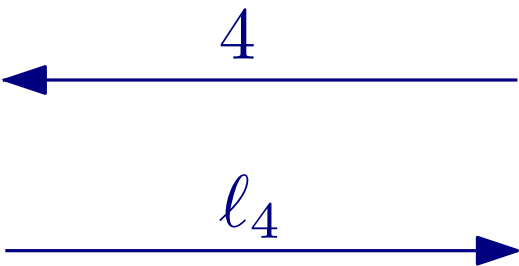


$$l_4 := \text{hash}(l_2, l_3)$$

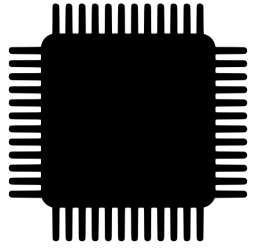




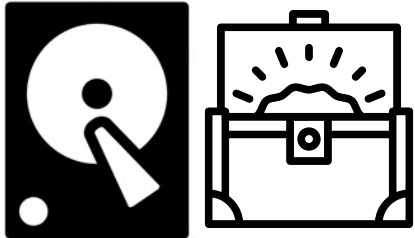
# Proofs of Space



# The Main Problem with Efficient Proof Systems



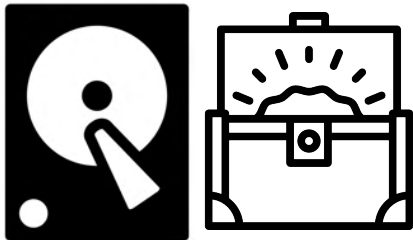
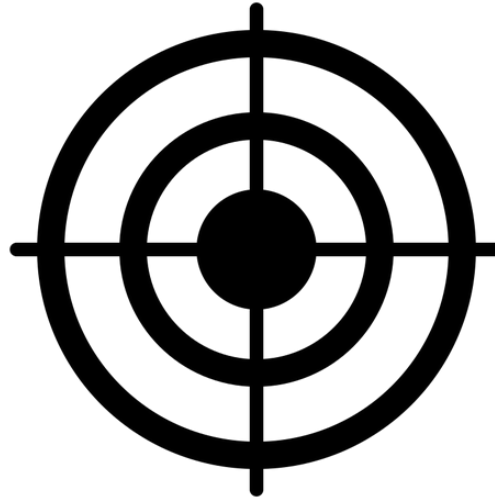
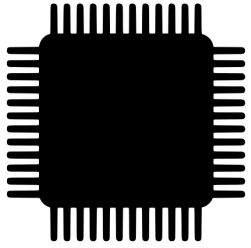
$N$  Proofs of Work  $N$  times as costly as one



$N$  Proofs of Space/Stake/... as cheap as 1

# The Main Problem with Efficient Proof Systems

$N$  Proofs of Work  $N$  times as costly as one

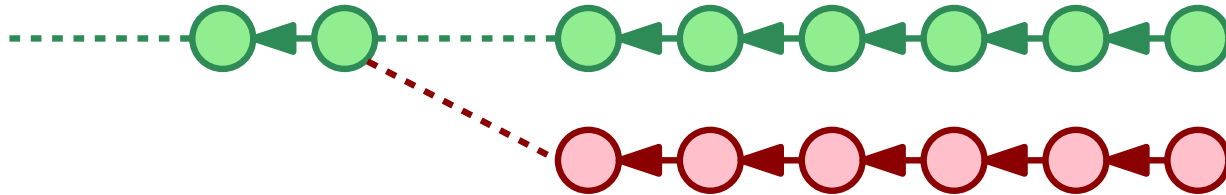


$N$  Proofs of Space/Stake/... as cheap as 1

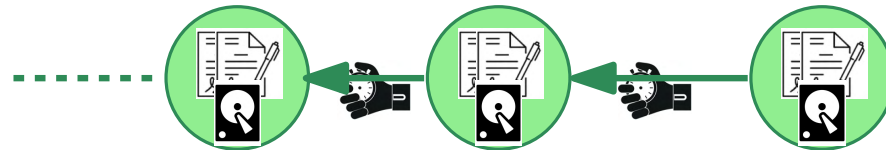


# The 3 Issues with Efficient Proofs

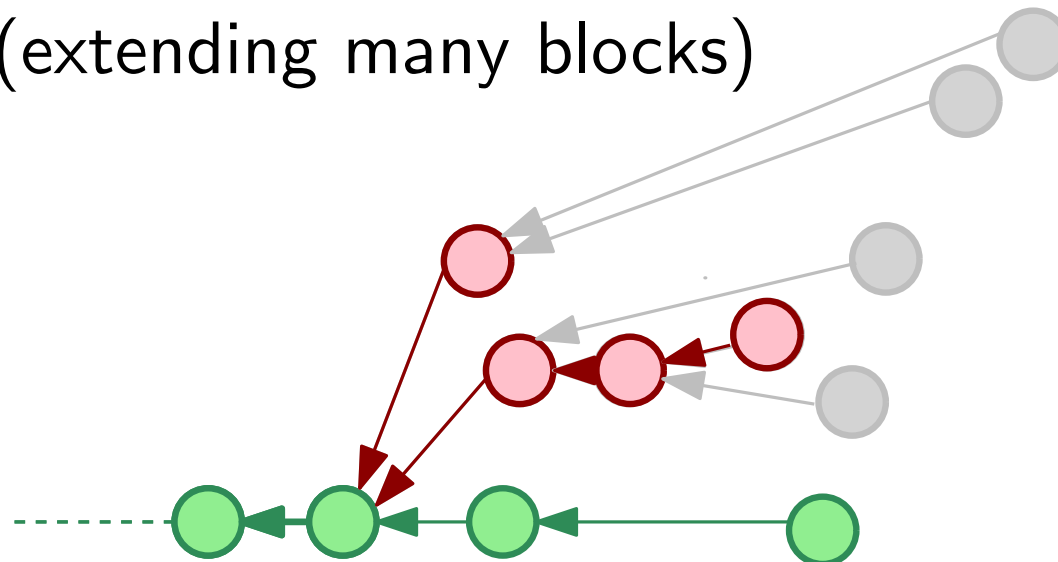
1) Bootstrapping (Long range forks, seeing the future)



2) Digging (grinding block)



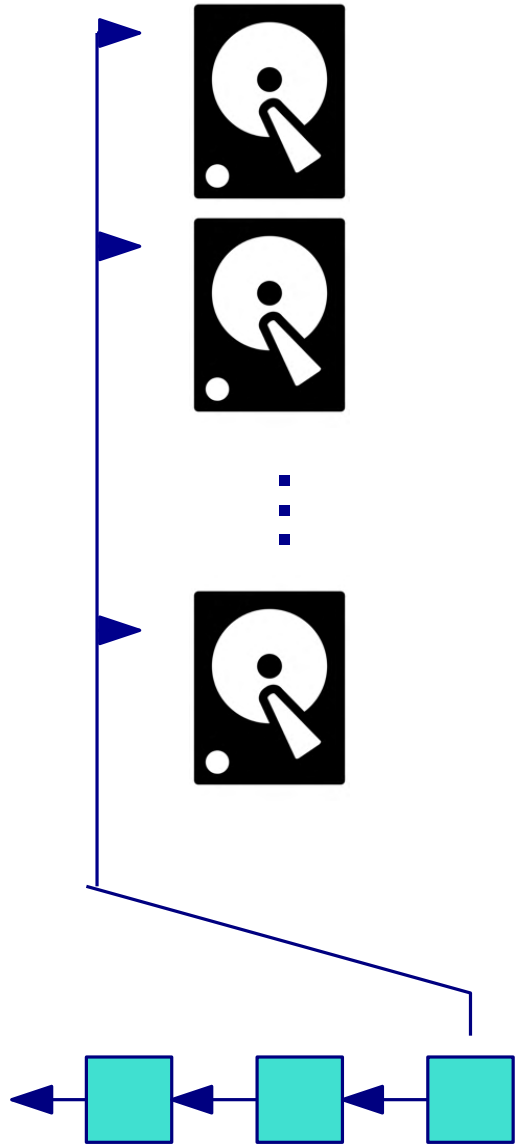
3) Double dipping (extending many blocks)



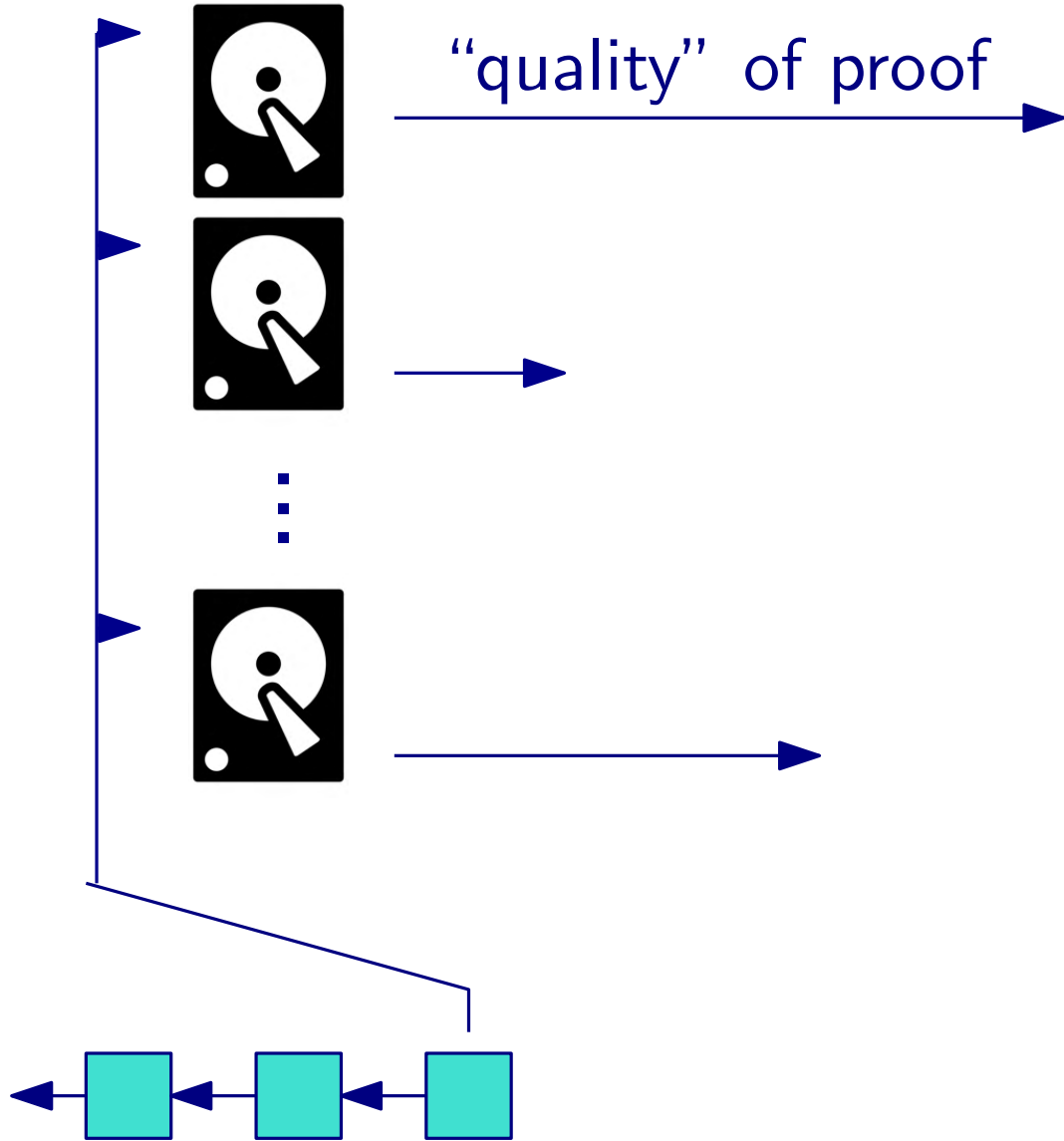
# Proofs of Space and Time (early Chia proposal)



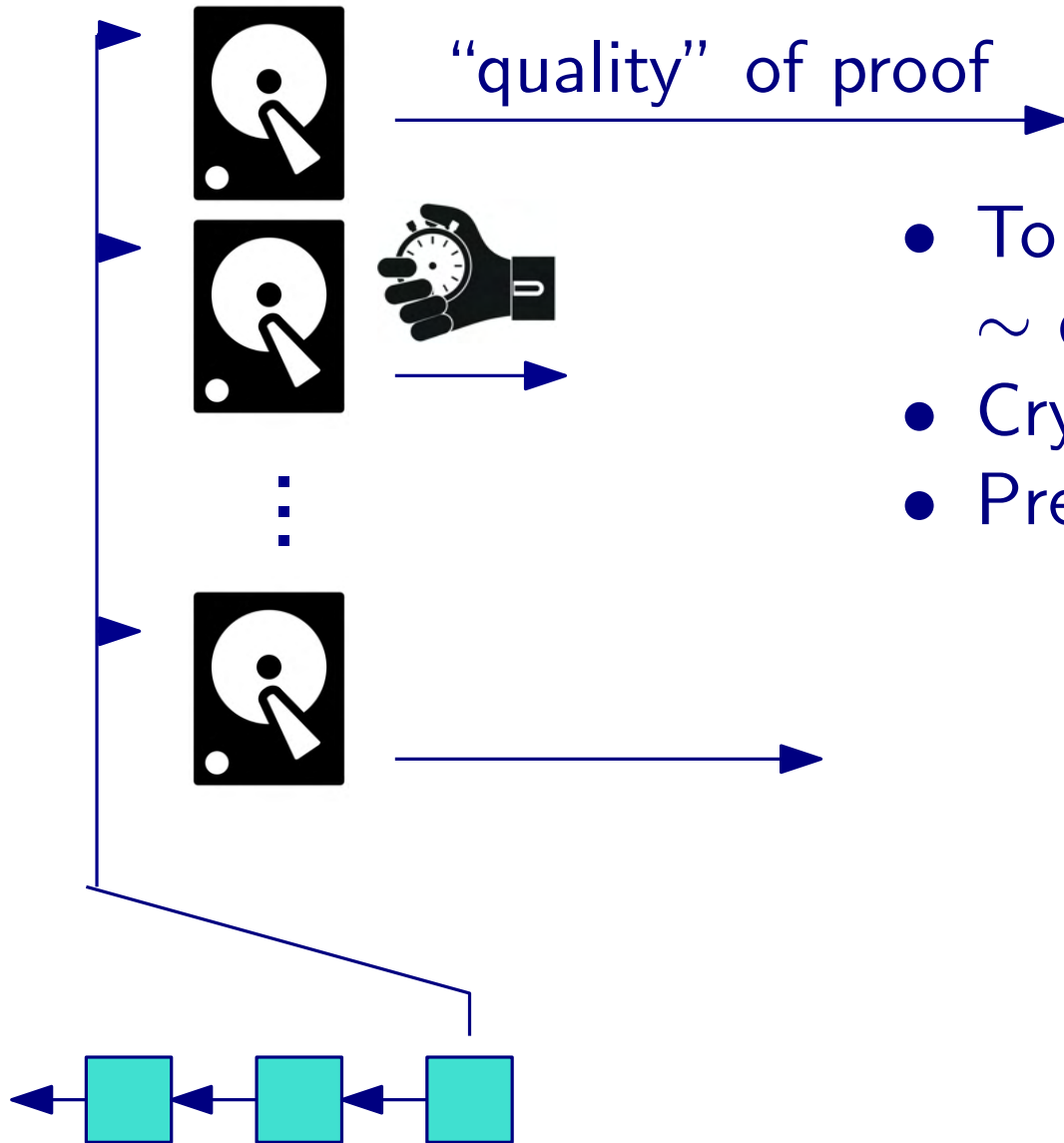
# Proofs of Space and Time (early Chia proposal)



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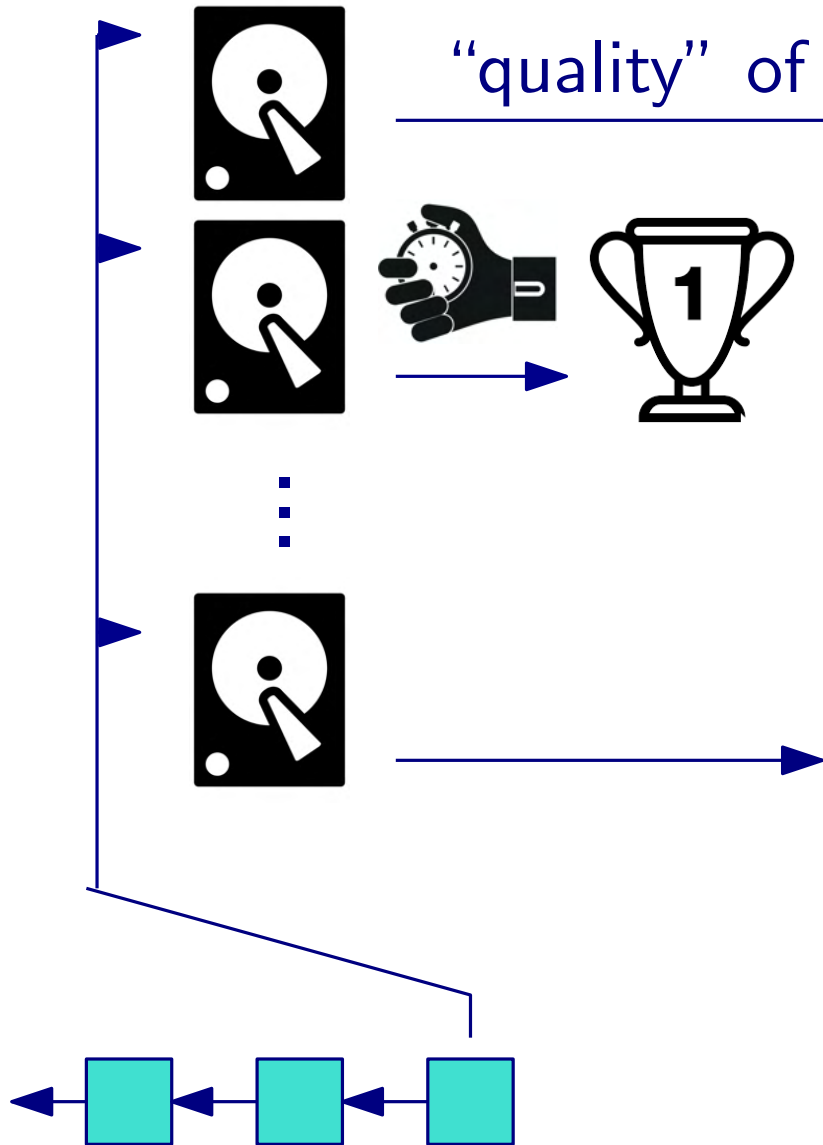
# Proofs of Space and Time (early Chia proposal)



- To complete block wait for  $\sim$  quality time
- Cryptographically enforced
- Prevents bootstrapping



# Proofs of Space and Time (early Chia proposal)



- To complete block wait for  $\sim$  quality time
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# Verifiable Delay Function



A VDF is a function that requires a large amount of time to compute

The difficulty input controls how long the VDF takes to solve

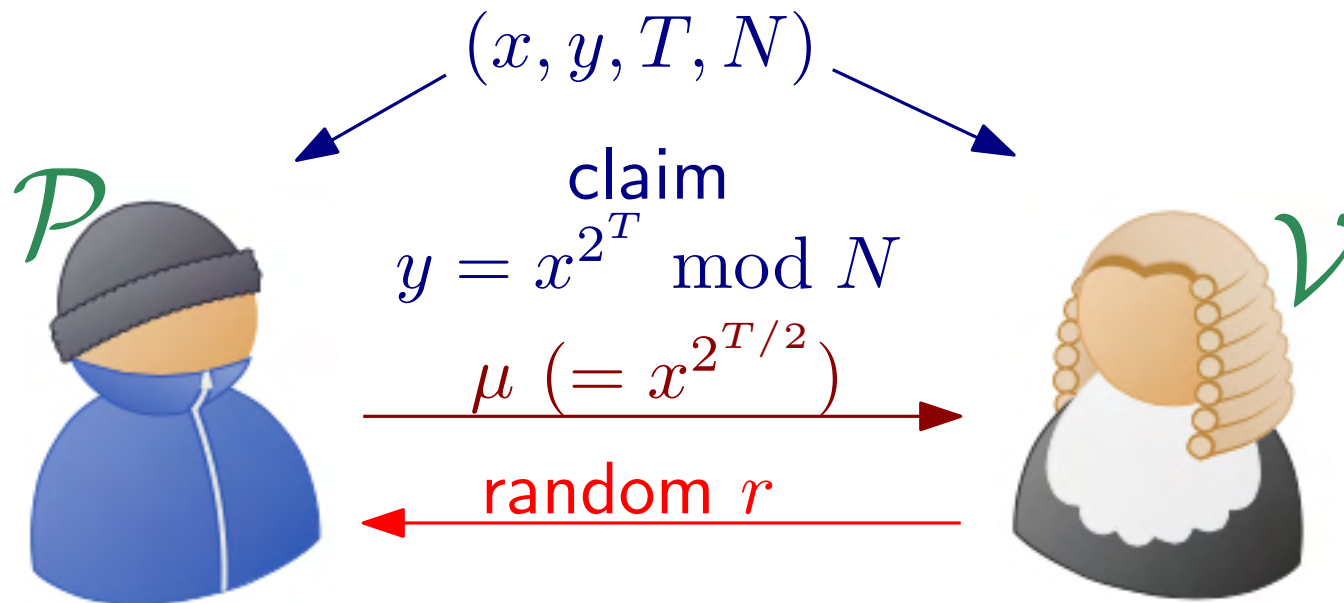
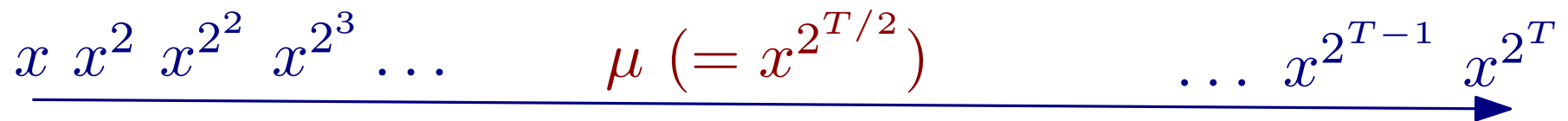
*Verification*(, , )

A proof is used to quickly verify the output came from a given input

# Simple Verifiable Delay Function [ITCS'19]

VDF( $x, T$ ) =  $x^{2^T}$  in a group of unknown order

Proving  $\sigma = x^{2^T}$  in RSA group  $\mathbb{Z}_N^*$ ,  $N = p \cdot q$



new claim  $y' = x'^{2^{T/2}} \pmod N$  where

$x' := \mu^r \cdot y \quad y' := (x^r \cdot \mu)^{2^{T/2}}$

SUPRA  
NATIONAL



## We are Supranational.

A product and service company developing hardware accelerated cryptography for verifiable and confidential computing.

VDF ALLIANCE

The VDF Alliance is a collection of academic, non-profit, and corporate collaborators building open source hardware for the blockchain ecosystem

HELP US BUILD

